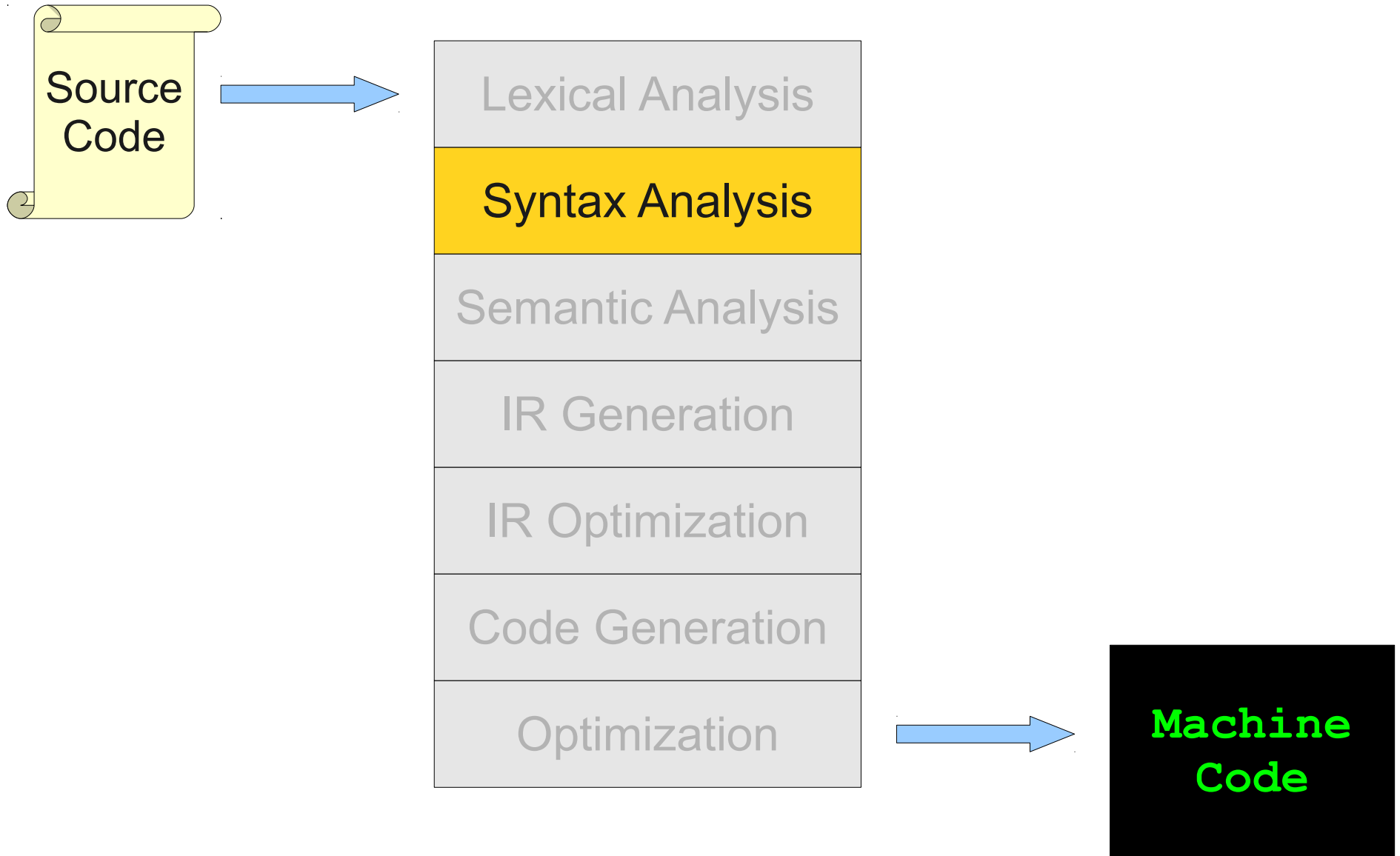


Top-Down Parsing

Announcements

- Office hours schedule posted on website.
 - Keith:
 - Mon 1:00PM – 3:00PM, Gates 160
 - Wed 1:00PM – 3:00PM, Gates 160
 - Hrysoula:
 - Thursday 7:00PM – 9:00PM, Gates 24A
 - Friday 1:00PM – 3:00PM, Gates 24A
 - Riddhi
 - Tuesday 7:00PM – 9:00PM, Gates 24A
 - Sunday 12:00PM – 2:00PM, Gates 24A
- Or ask questions on Piazza: www.piazza.com

Where We Are



Review from Last Time

- Goal of syntax analysis: recover the **intended structure** of the program.
- Idea: Use a **context-free grammar** to describe the programming language.
- Given a sequence of tokens, look for a **parse tree** that generates those tokens.
- Recovering this syntax tree is called **parsing** and is the topic of this week (and part of next!)

Different Types of Parsing

- **Top-Down Parsing** (today)
 - Beginning with the start symbol, try to guess the productions to apply to end up at the user's program.
- **Bottom-Up Parsing** (Wednesday / Friday)
 - Beginning with the user's program, try to apply productions in reverse to convert the program back into the start symbol.

Top-Down Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \mathbf{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

Top-Down Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int	+	(int	+	int)
-----	---	---	-----	---	-----	---

Top-Down Parsing

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int	+	(int	+	int)
-----	---	---	-----	---	-----	---

Top-Down Parsing

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int	+	(int	+	int)	\$
-----	---	---	-----	---	-----	---	----

Top-Down Parsing

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

S

int	+	(int	+	int)	\$
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Top-Down Parsing

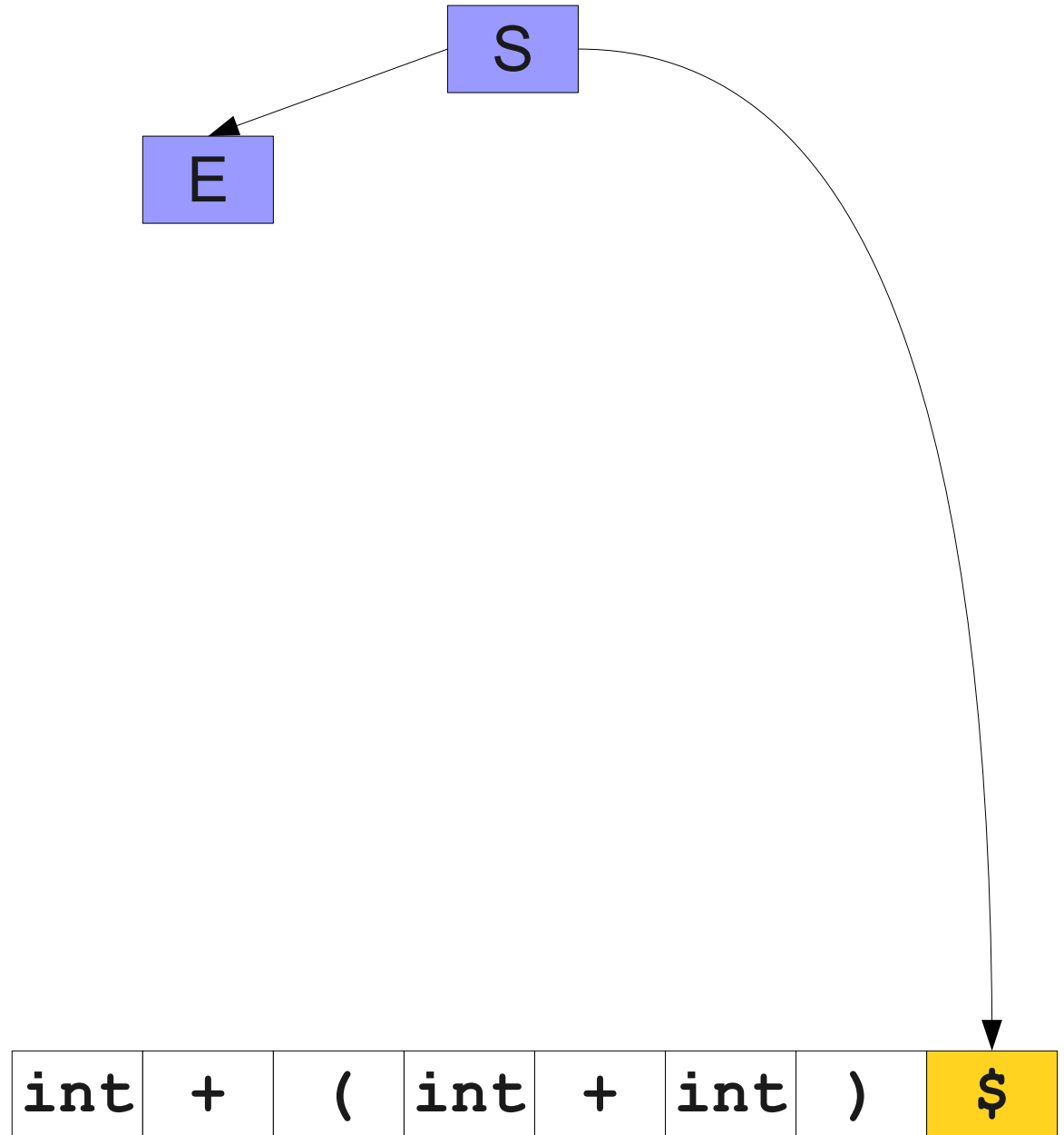
$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$



Top-Down Parsing

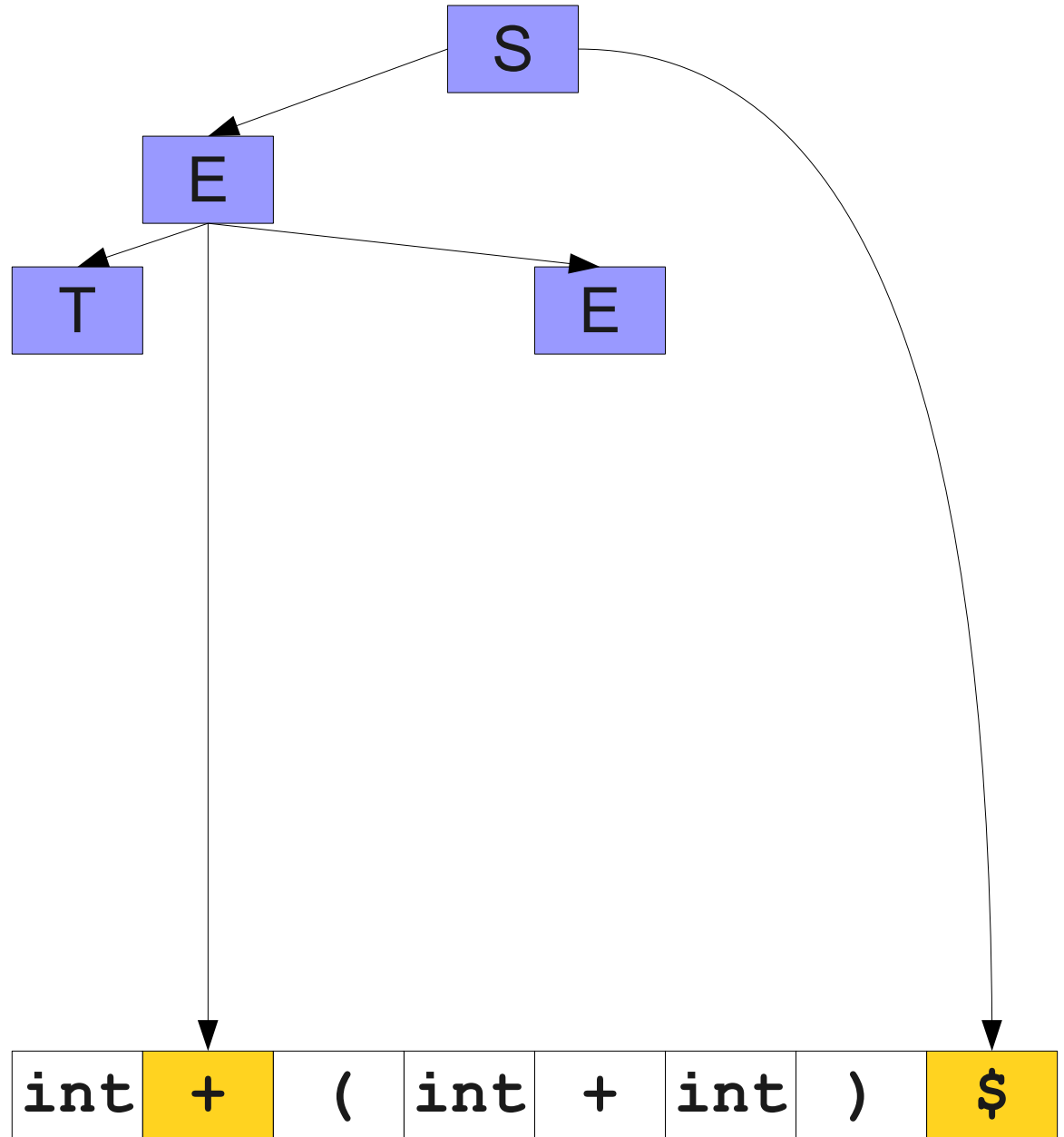
$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

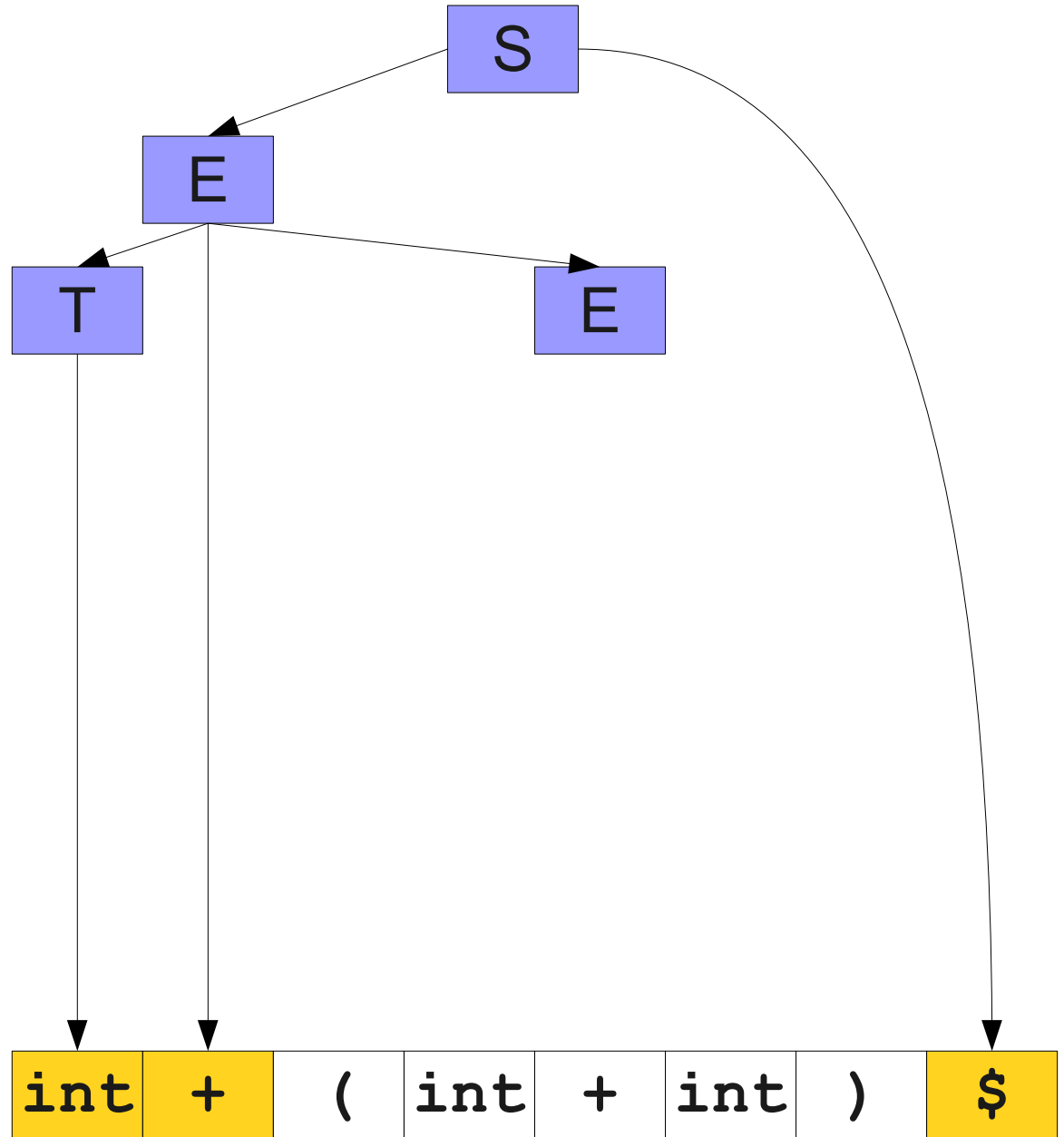
$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$



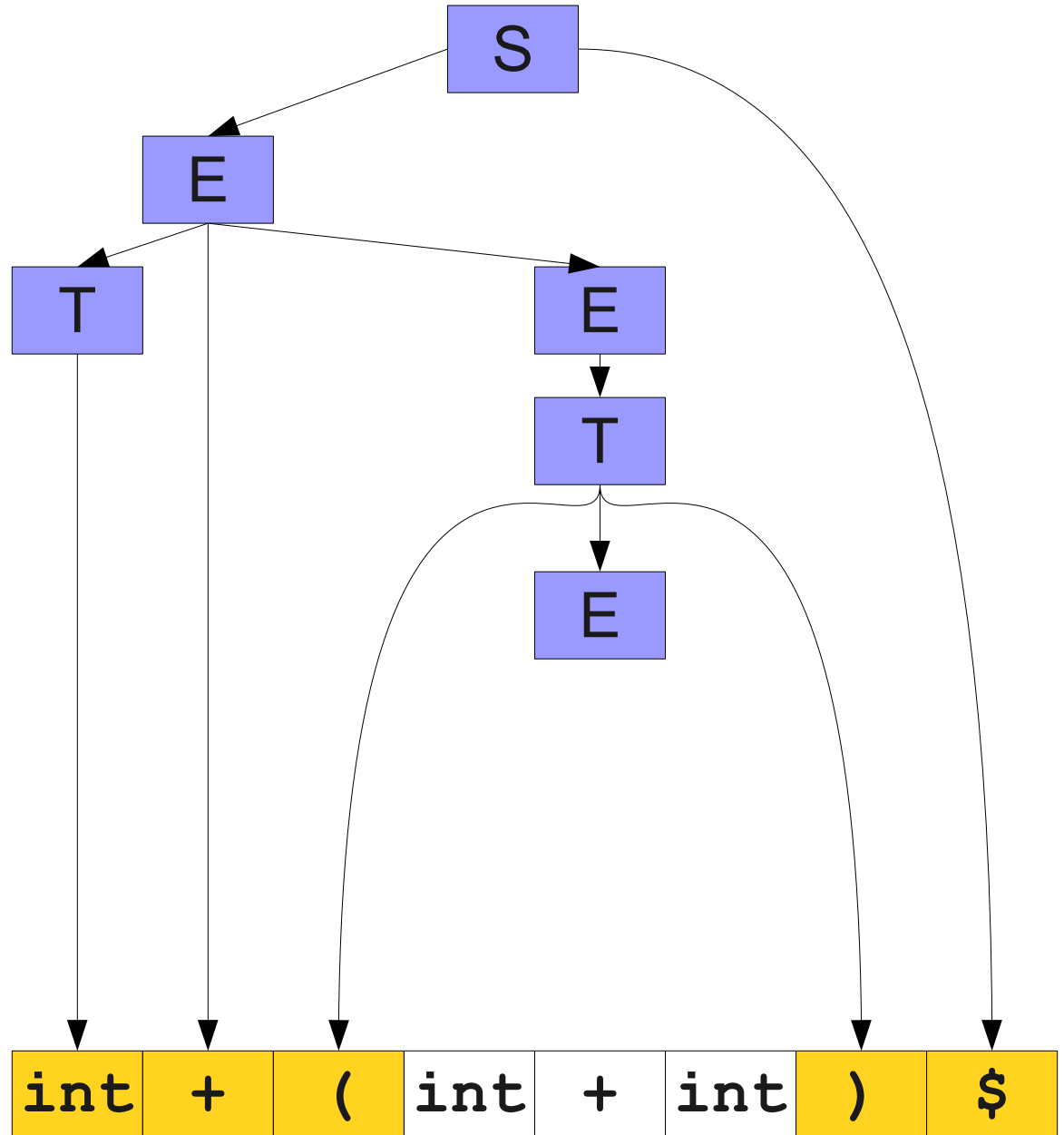
Top-Down Parsing

$S \rightarrow E\$$
 $E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$



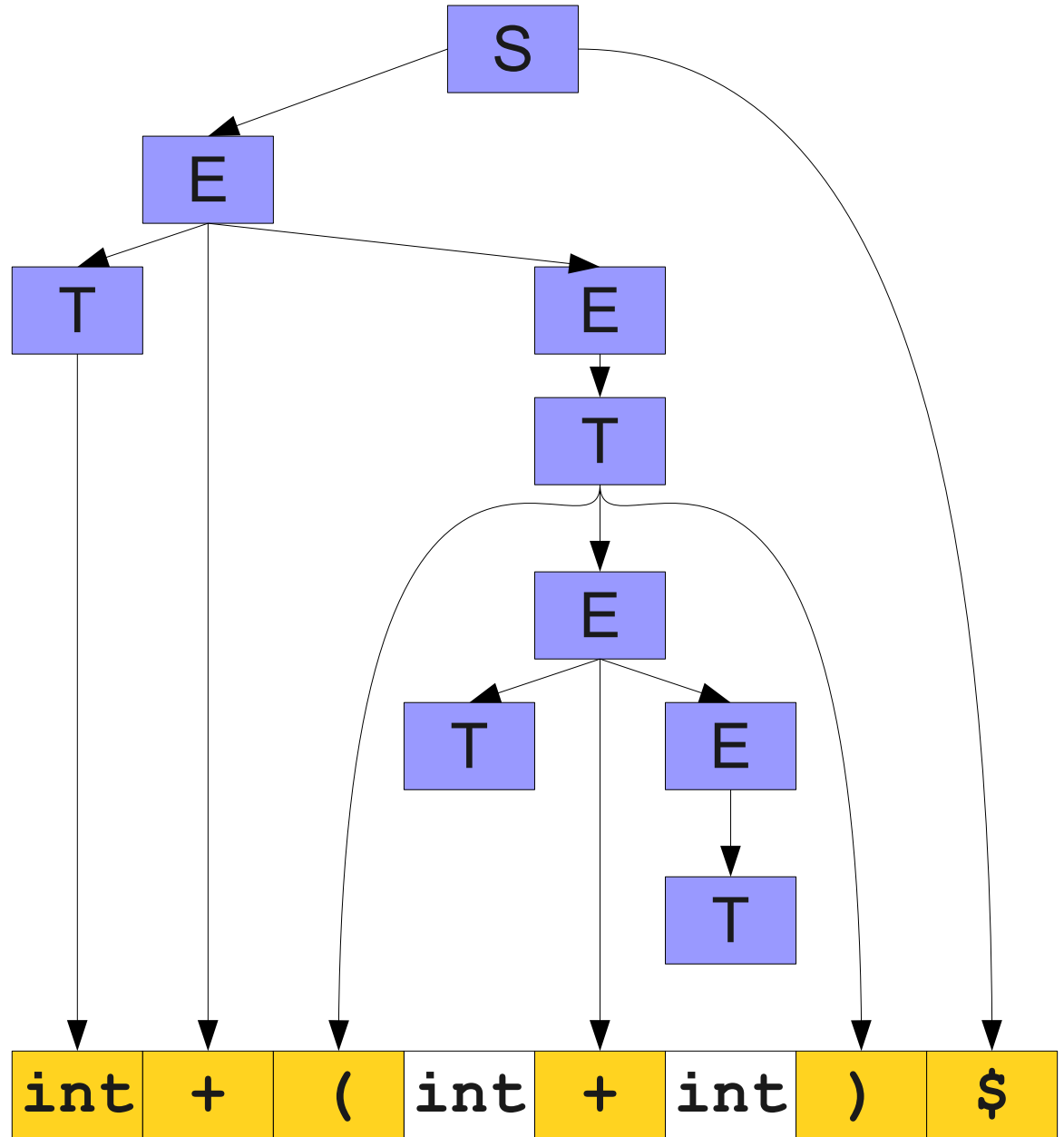
Top-Down Parsing

$S \rightarrow E\$$
 $E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$



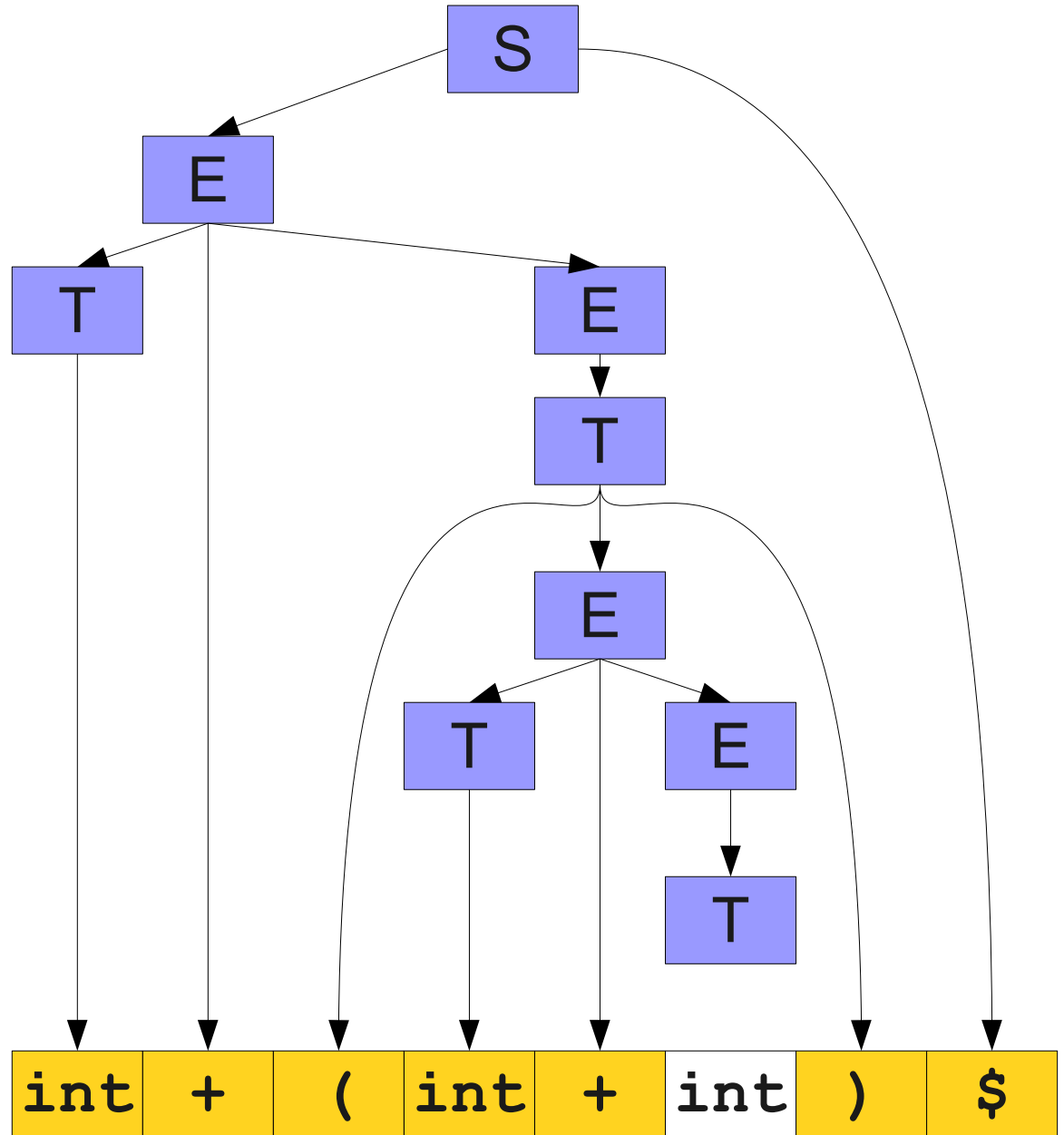
Top-Down Parsing

$S \rightarrow E\$$
 $E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$



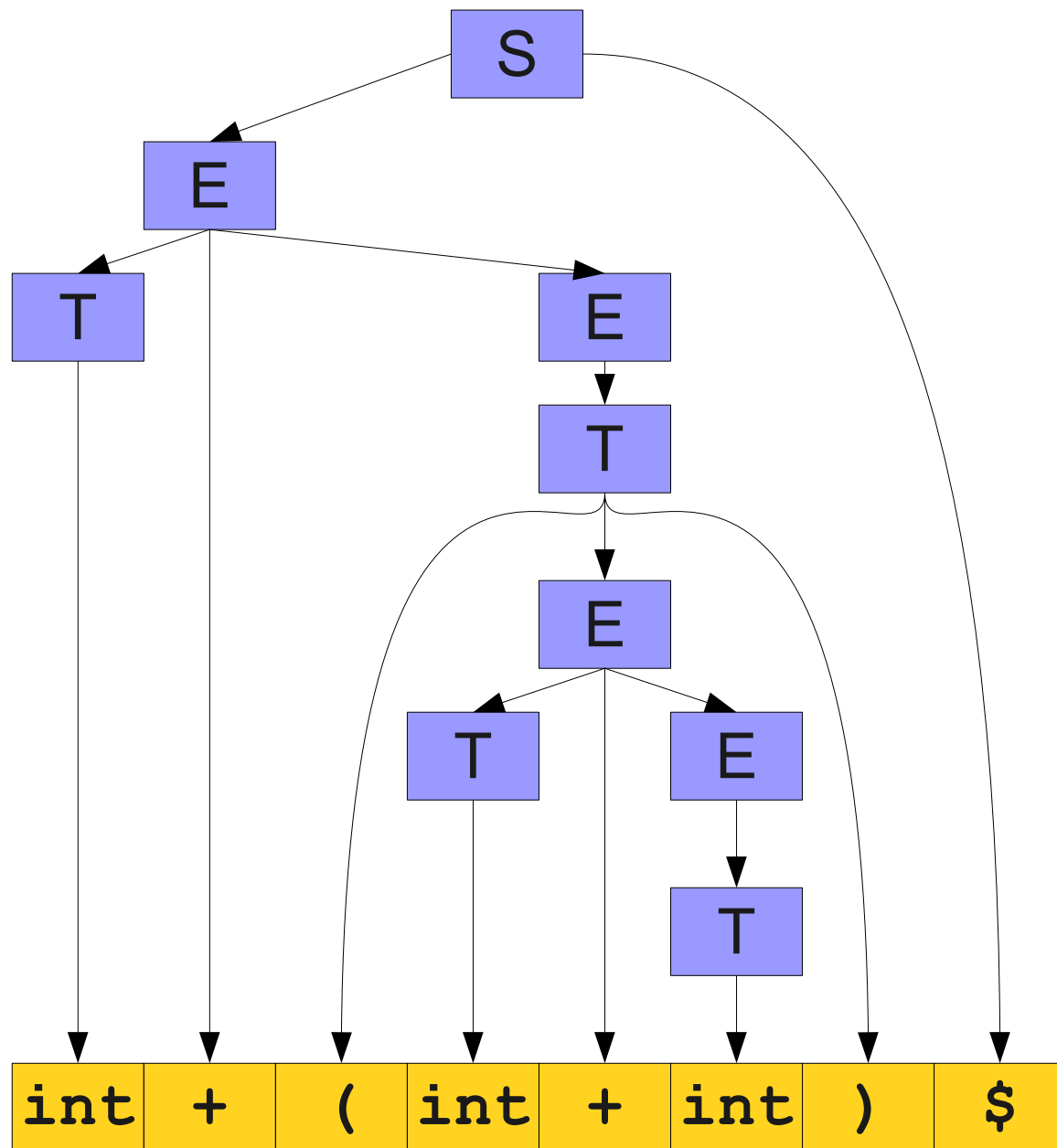
Top-Down Parsing

$S \rightarrow E\$$
 $E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$



Top-Down Parsing

$S \rightarrow E\$$
 $E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$



Challenges in Top-Down Parsing

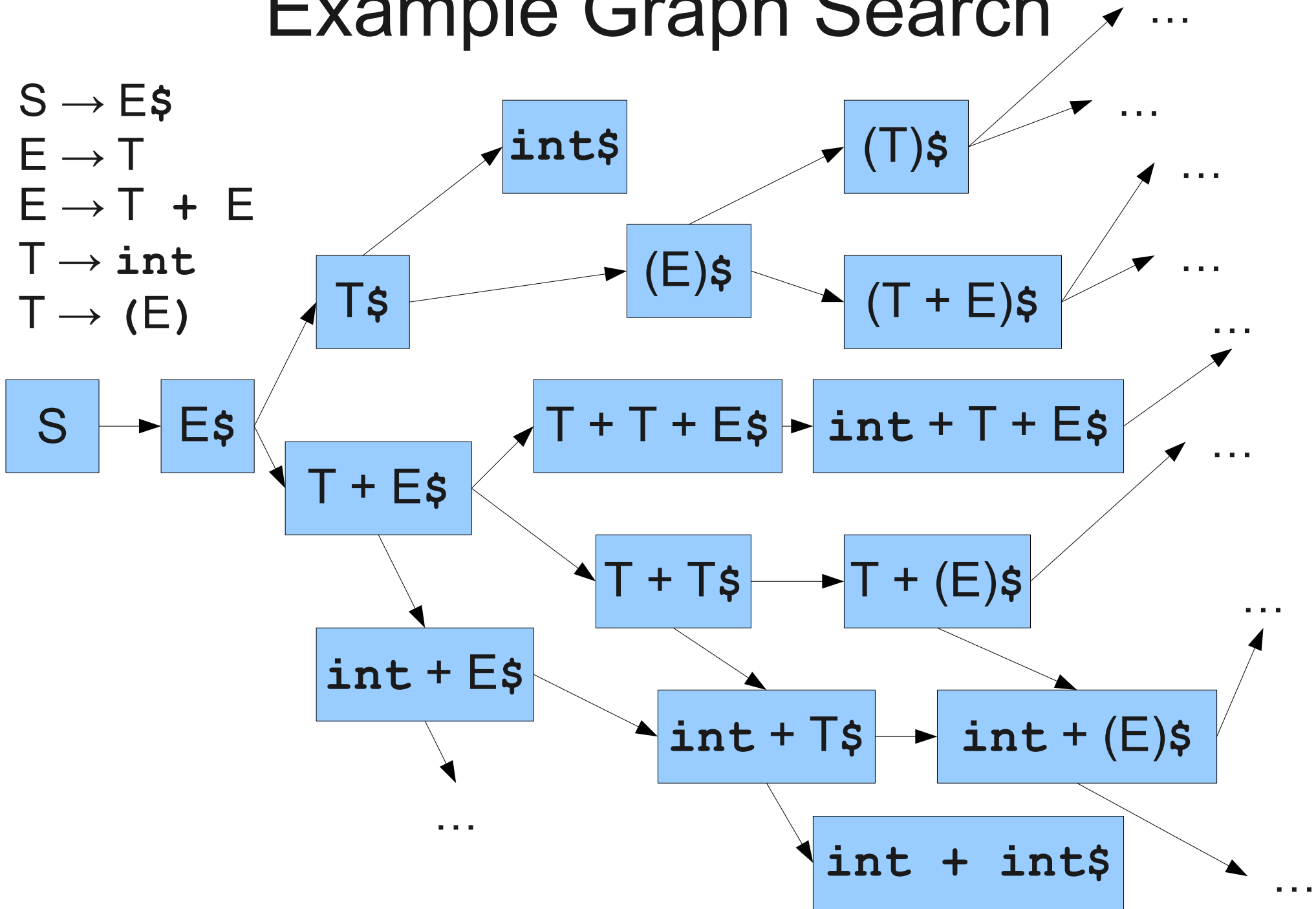
- Top-down parsing begins with virtually no information.
 - Begins with just the start symbol, which matches **every** program.
- How do we know which productions to apply?
- In general, **we can't**.
 - There are some grammars for which the best we can do is guess and backtrack if we're wrong.
 - If we have to guess, how do we do it?

Parsing as a Search

- An idea: **treat parsing as a graph search.**
- Each node is a **sentential form** (a string of terminals and nonterminals).
- There is an edge from one node to another if there is a reduction from the first sentential form to the second.

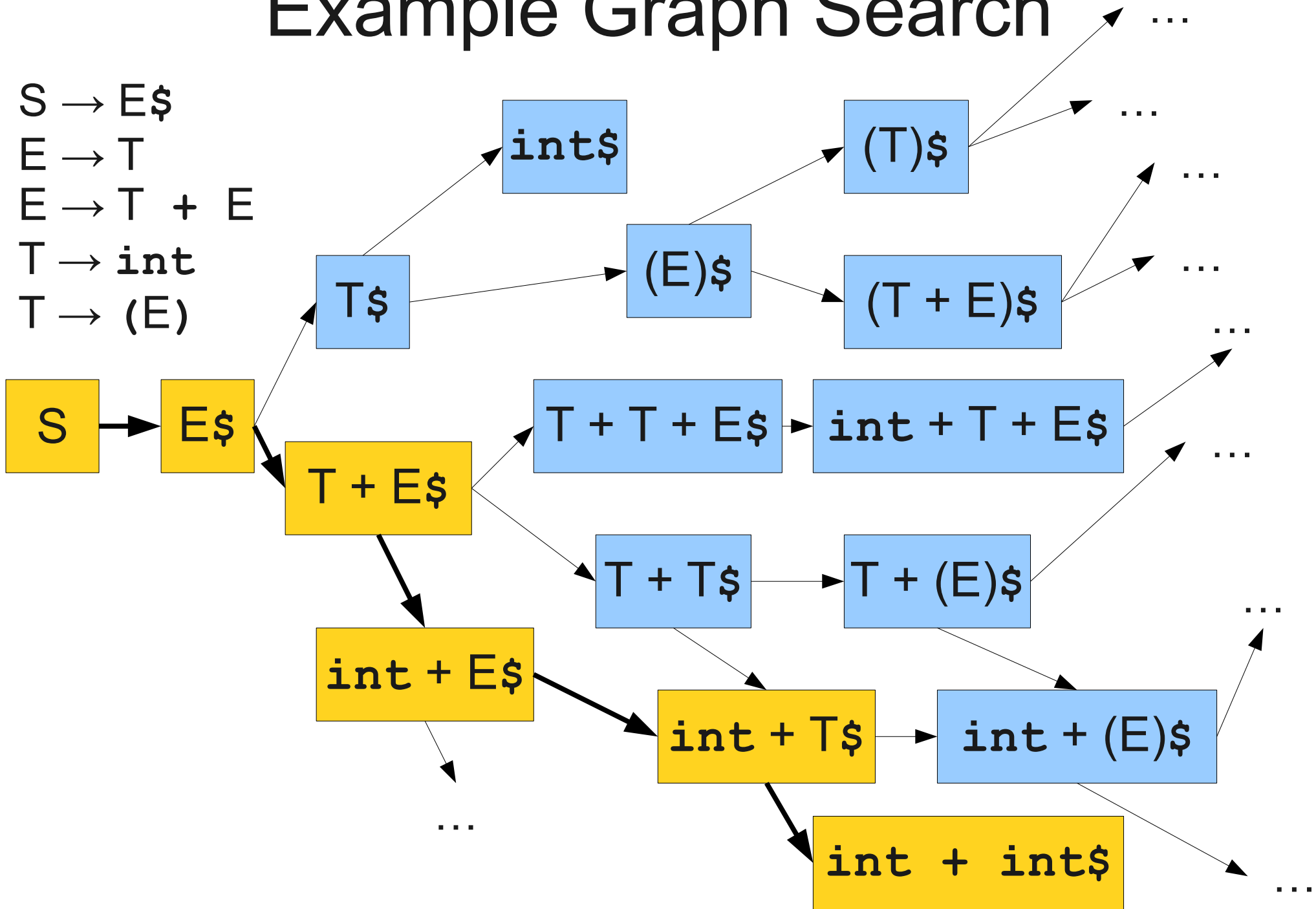
Example Graph Search

$S \rightarrow E\$$
 $E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$



Example Graph Search

$S \rightarrow E\$$
 $E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$



Our First Top-Down Algorithm

- **Breadth-First Search**
- Maintain a worklist of sentential forms, initially just the start symbol S .
- While the worklist isn't empty:
 - Remove an element from the worklist.
 - If it matches the target string, you're done.
 - Otherwise, for each possible string that can be derived in one step, add that string to the worklist.
- Can recover a parse tree by tracking what productions we applied at each step.

Breadth-First Search Parsing

Worklist

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing

Worklist

S

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

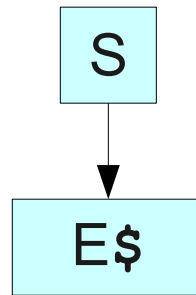
$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing

Worklist



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

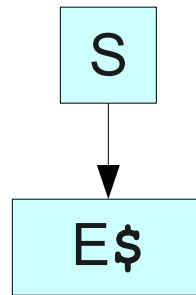
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing

Worklist

E\$

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

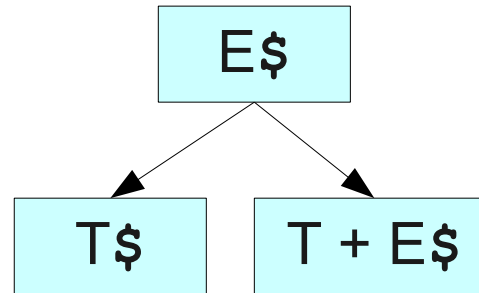
$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing

Worklist



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

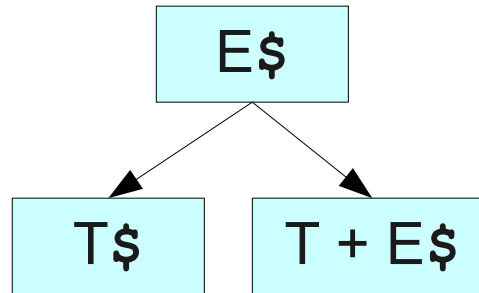
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

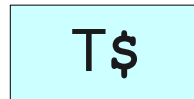
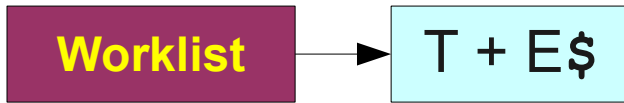
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

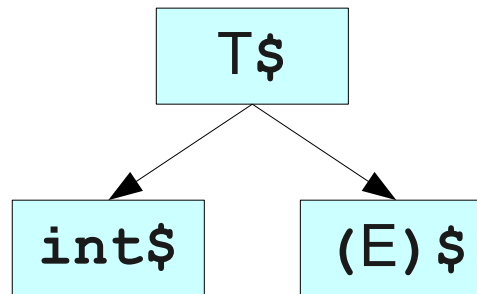
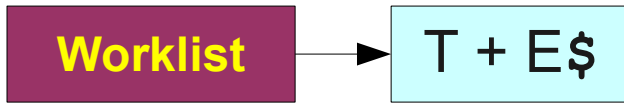
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

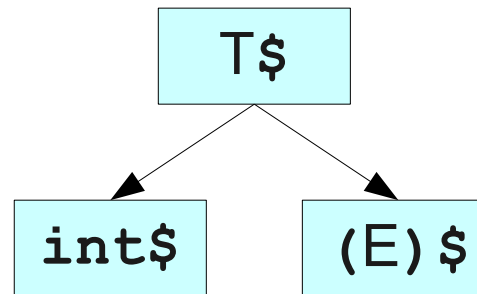
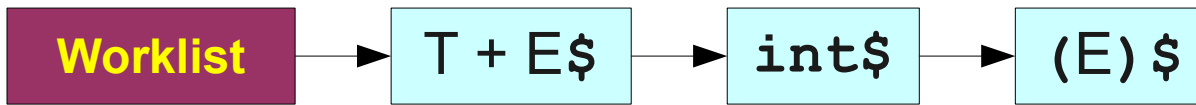
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

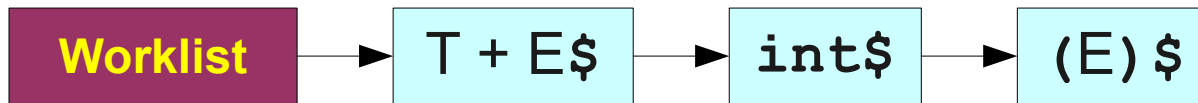
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

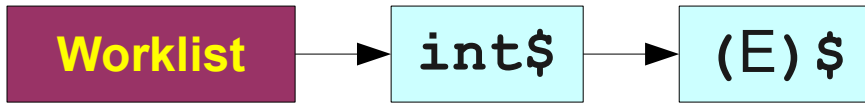
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



T + E\$

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

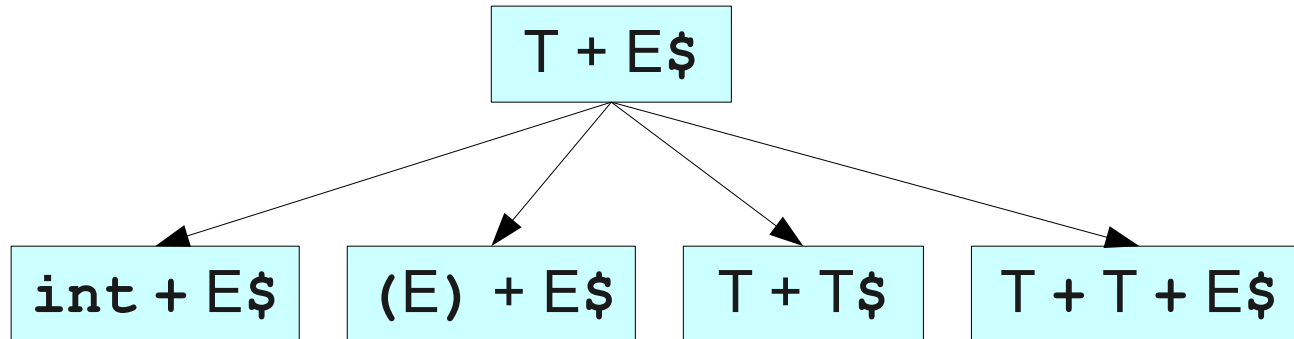
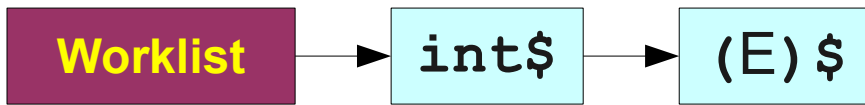
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

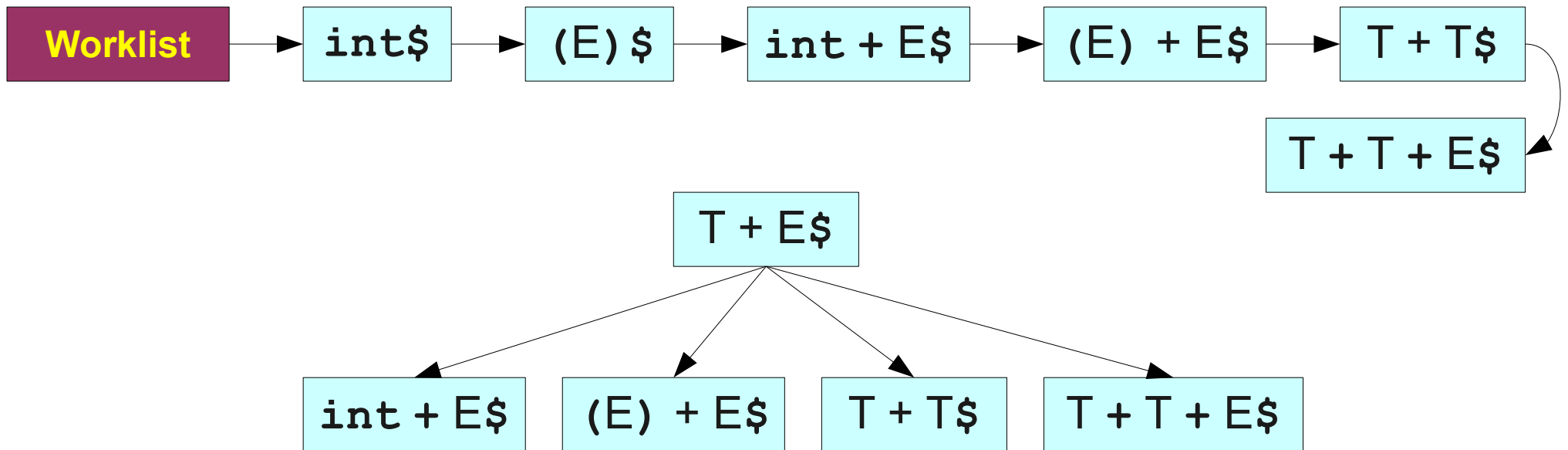
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int\$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

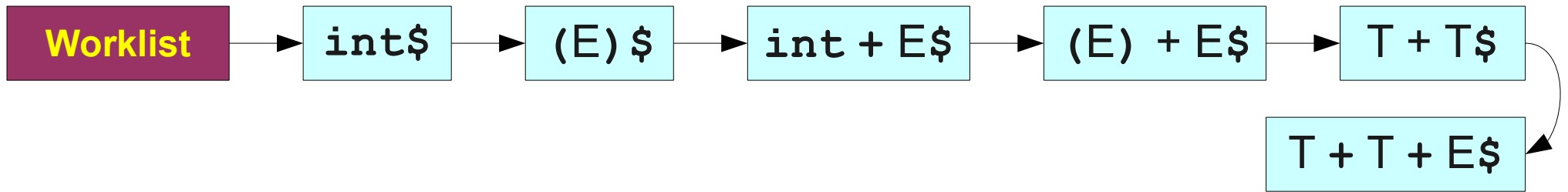
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

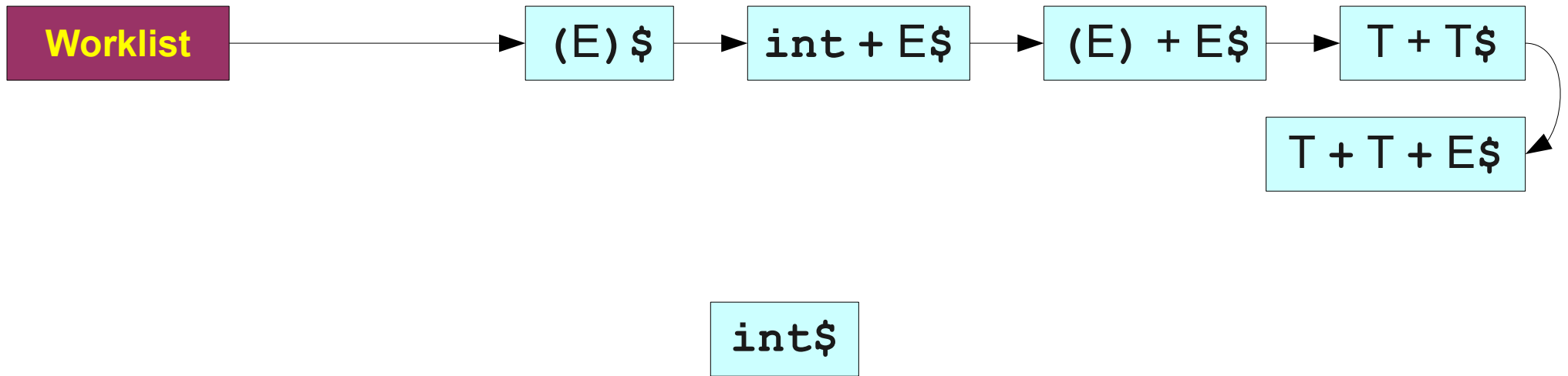
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E \$$

$E \rightarrow T$

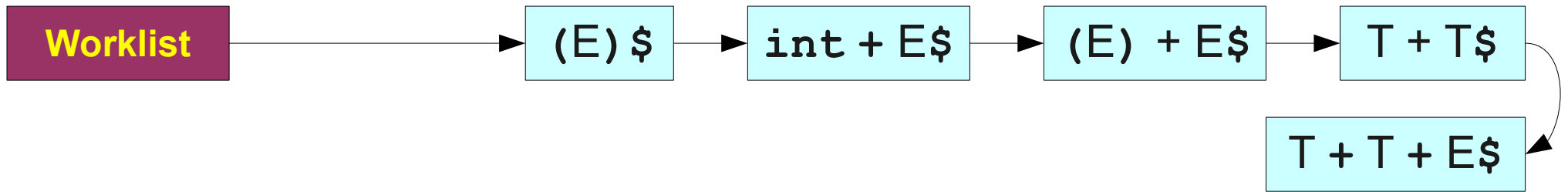
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

$int + int \$$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E \$$

$E \rightarrow T$

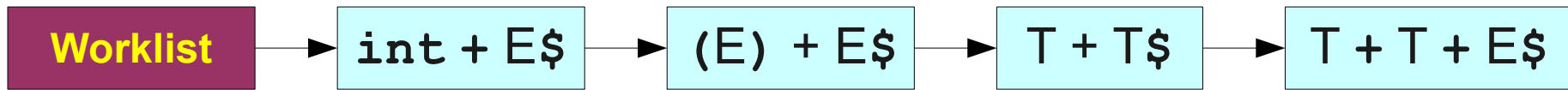
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

$int + int \$$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



(E) \$

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

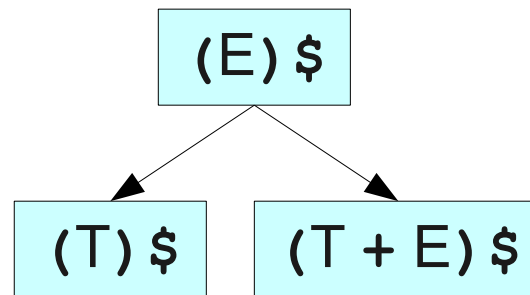
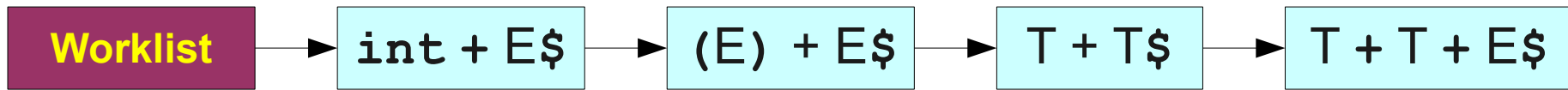
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

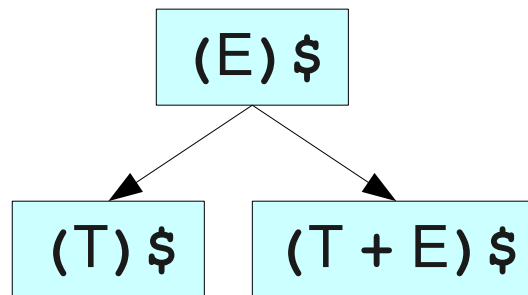
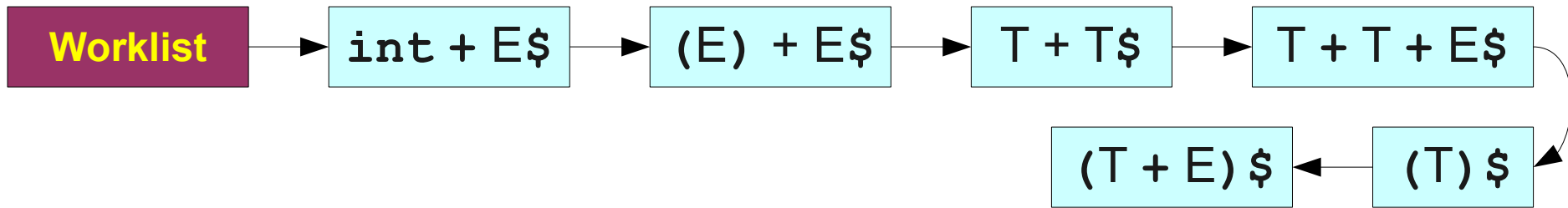
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int\$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

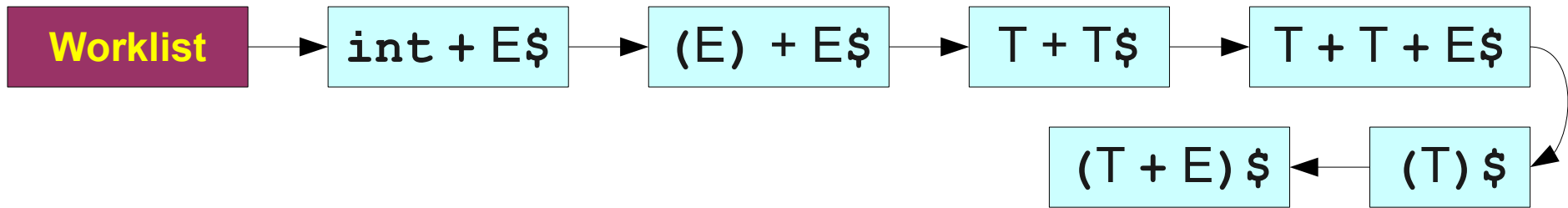
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int\$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

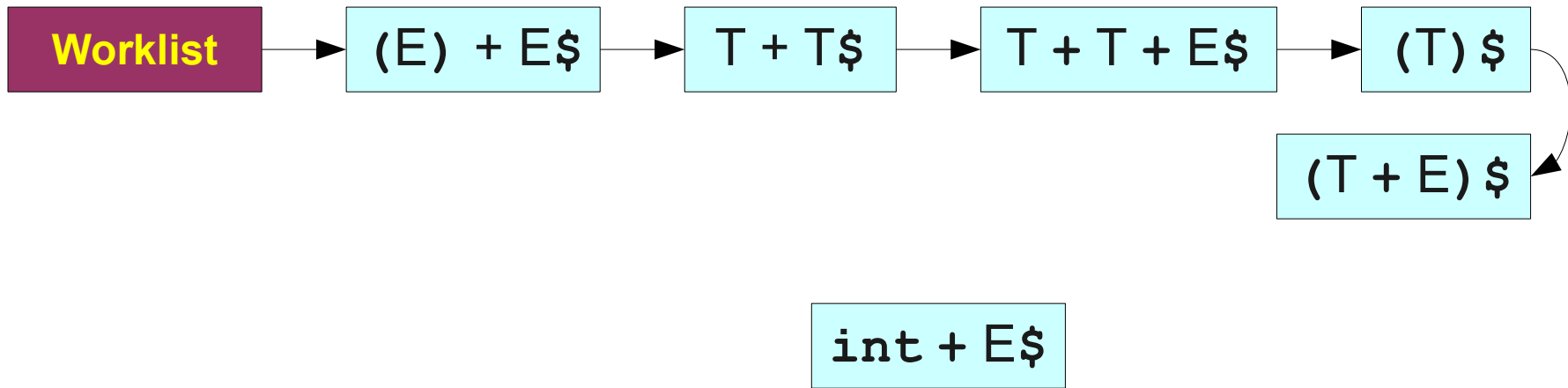
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

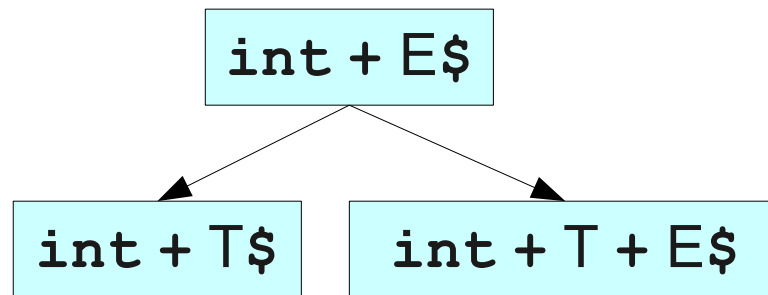
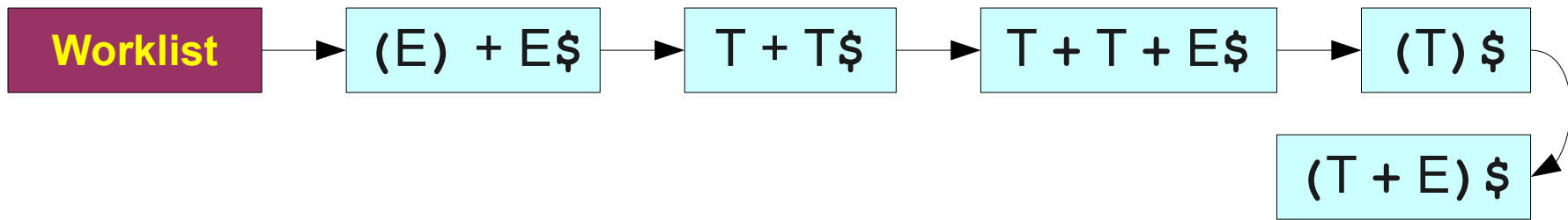
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

$int + int\$$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

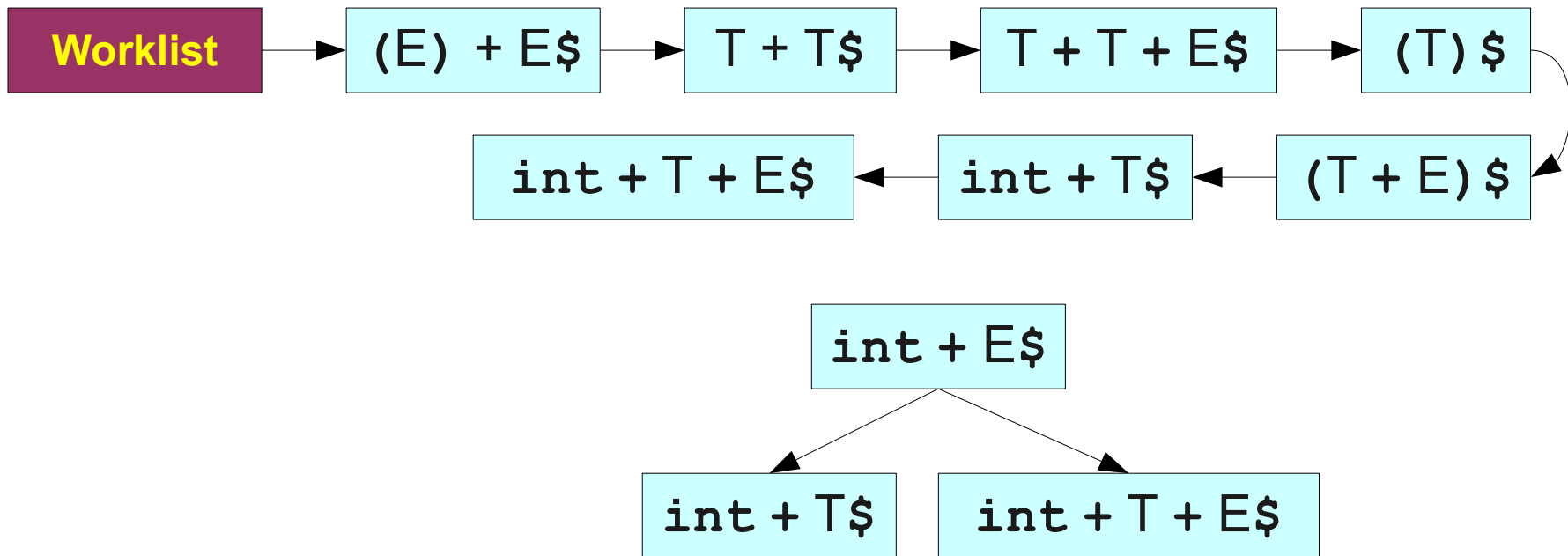
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

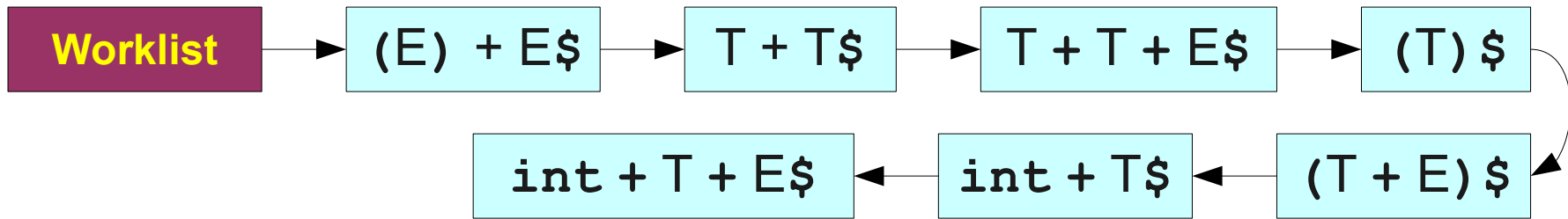
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

$int + int\$$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

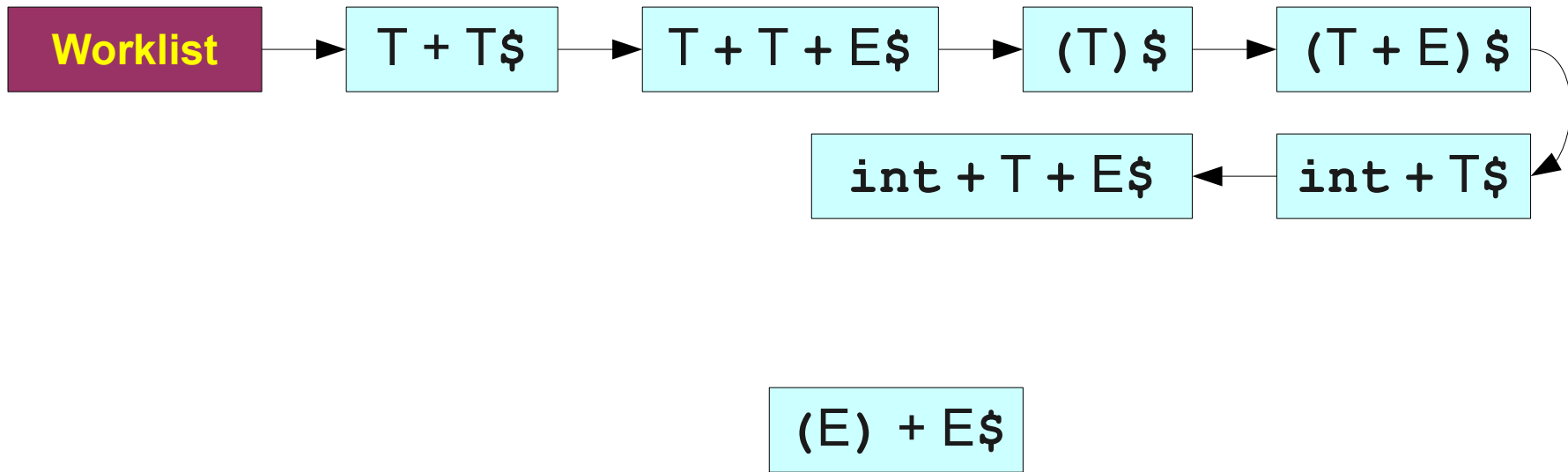
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

$int + int\$$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

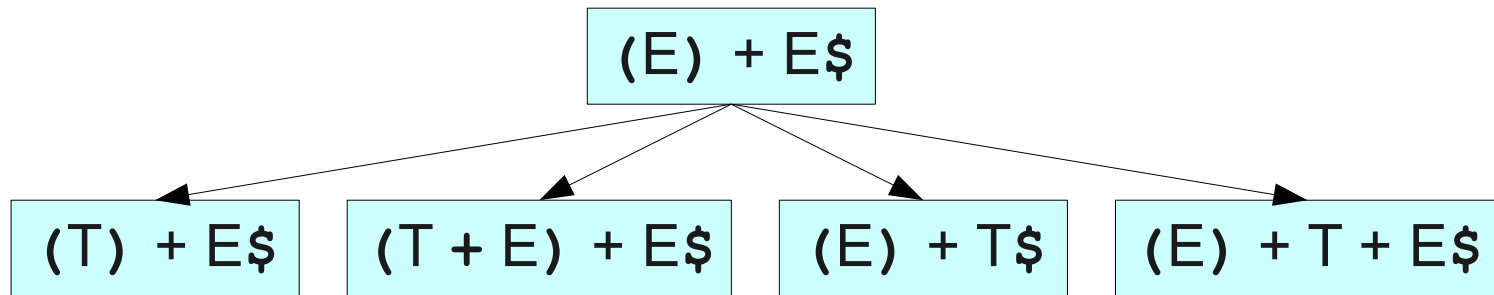
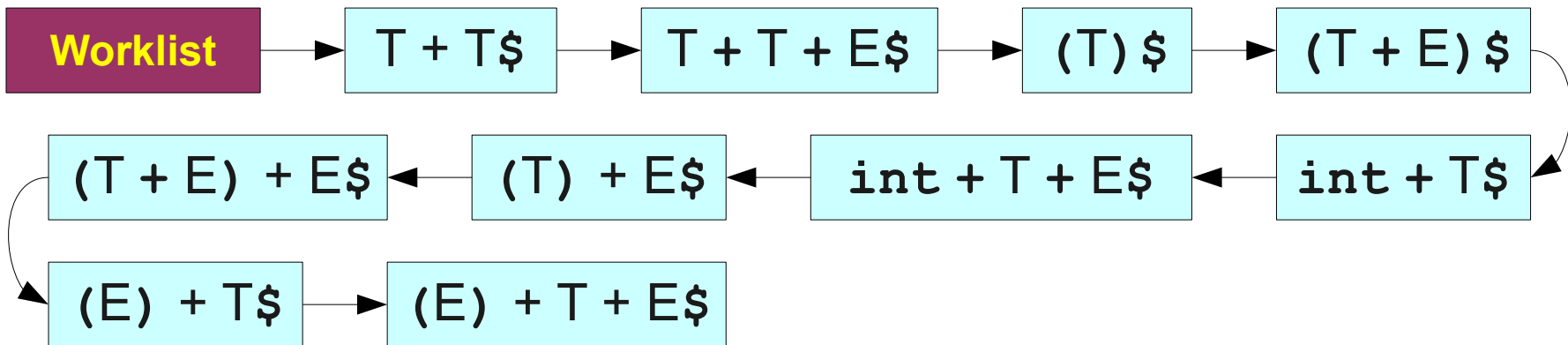
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

$\text{int} + \text{int}\$$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

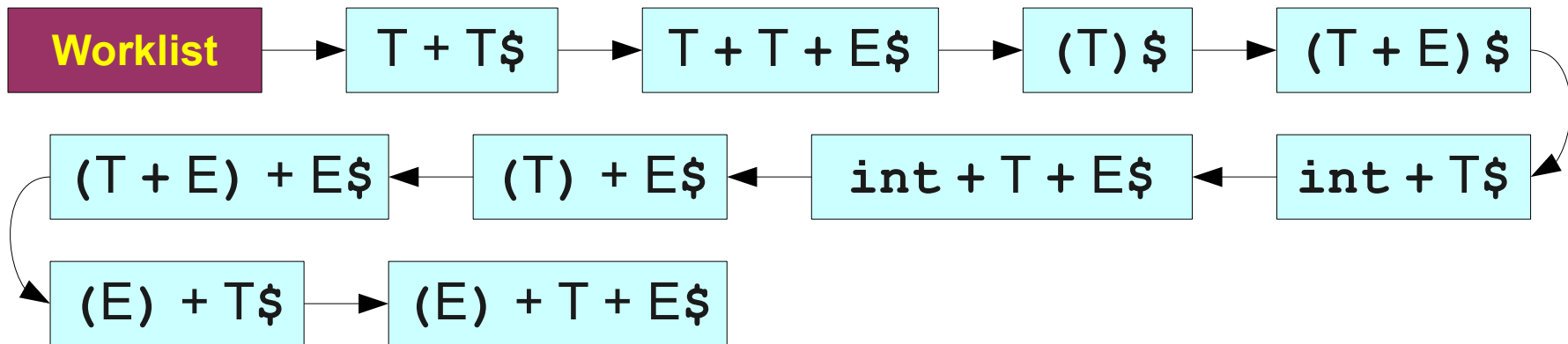
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

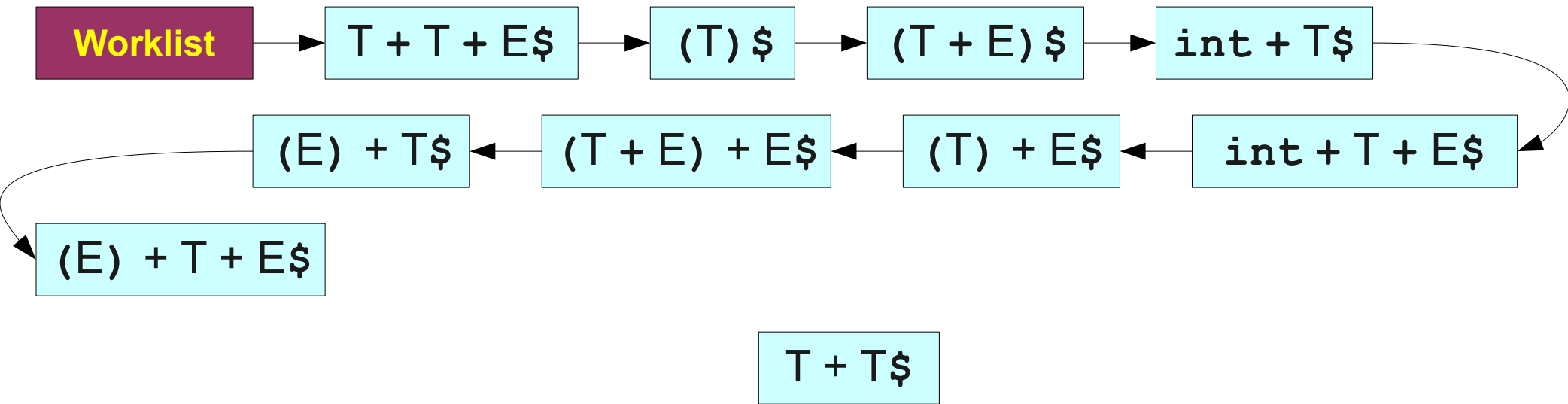
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

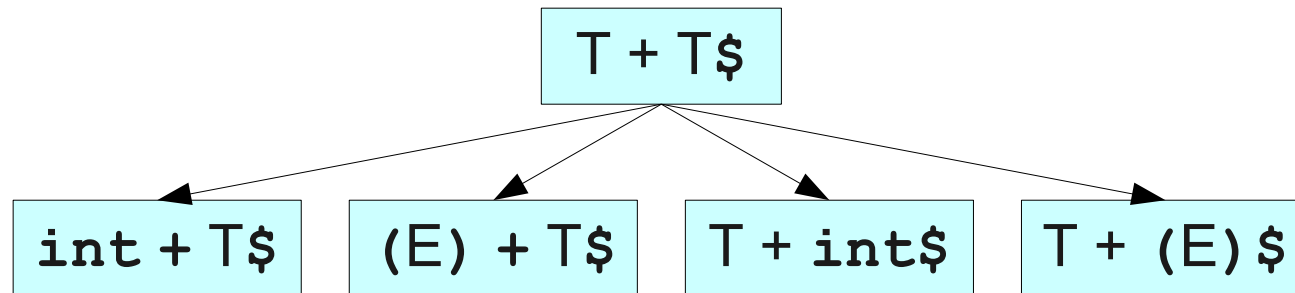
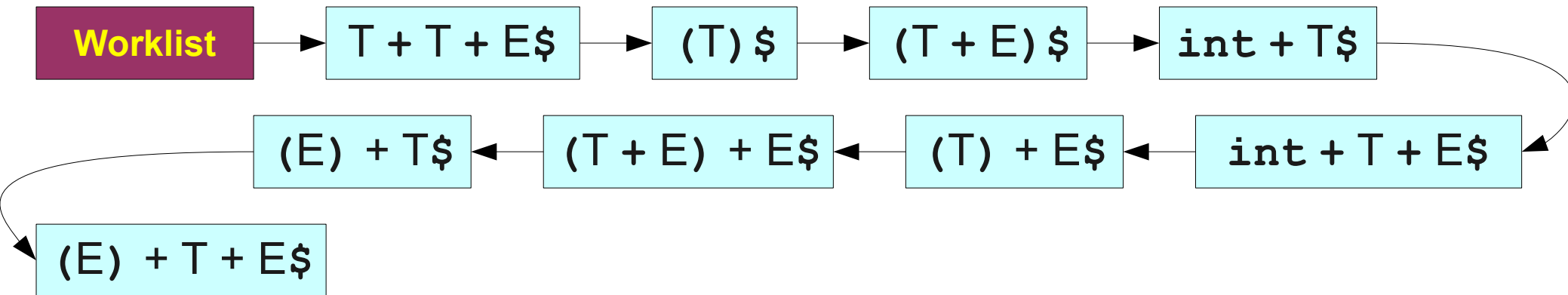
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

$int + int\$$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

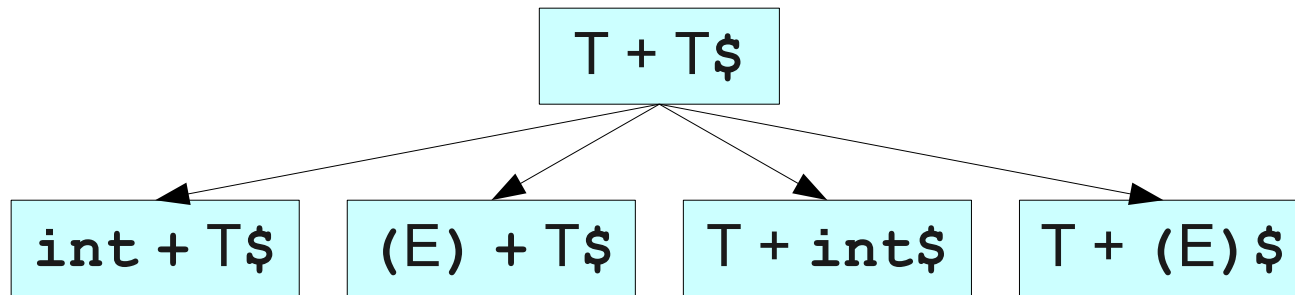
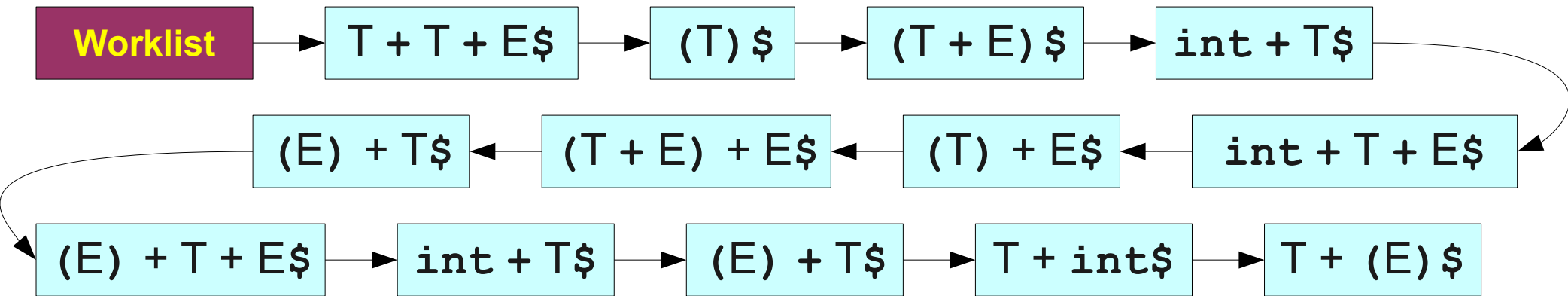
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

$int + int\$$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

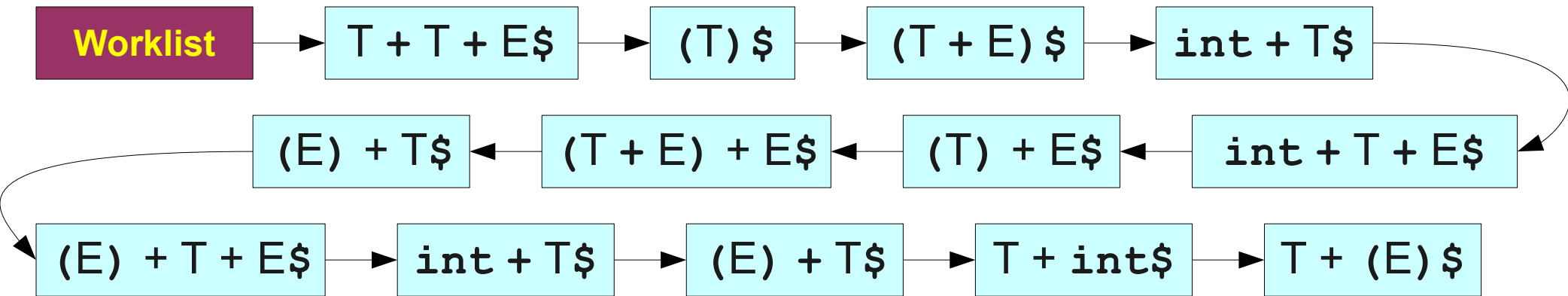
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

$int + int\$$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

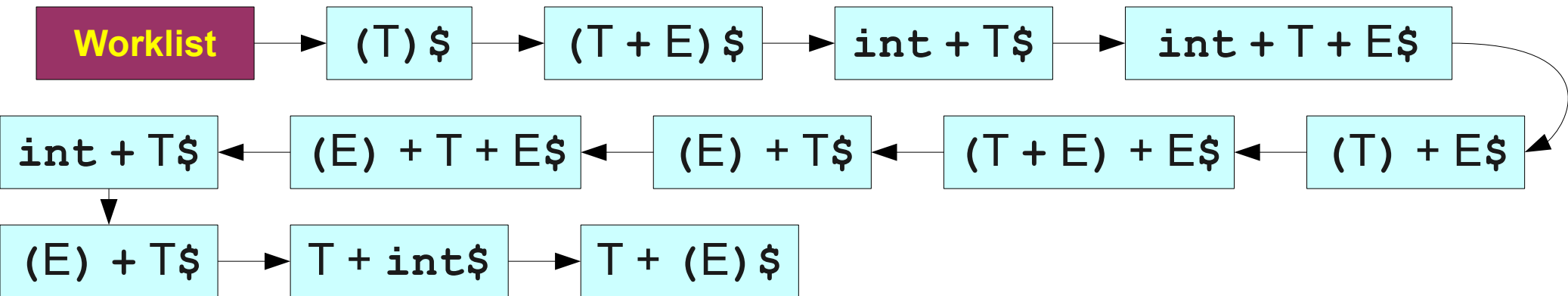
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

$int + int\$$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



T + T + E\$

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

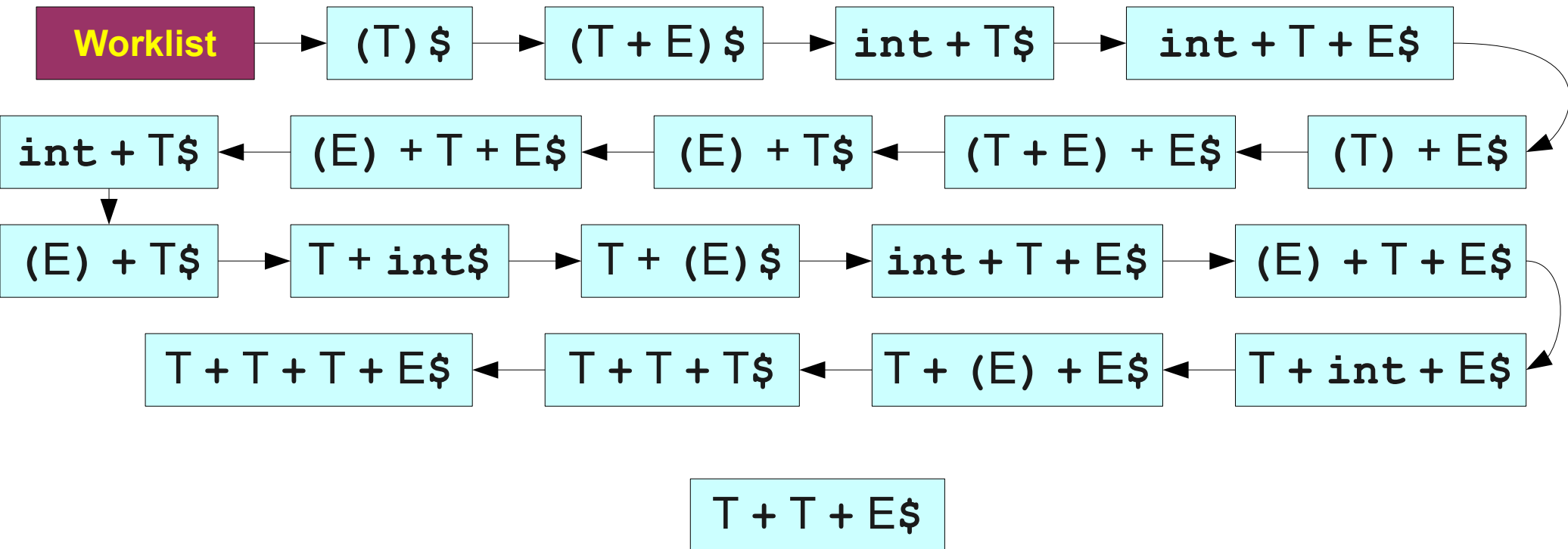
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int\$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

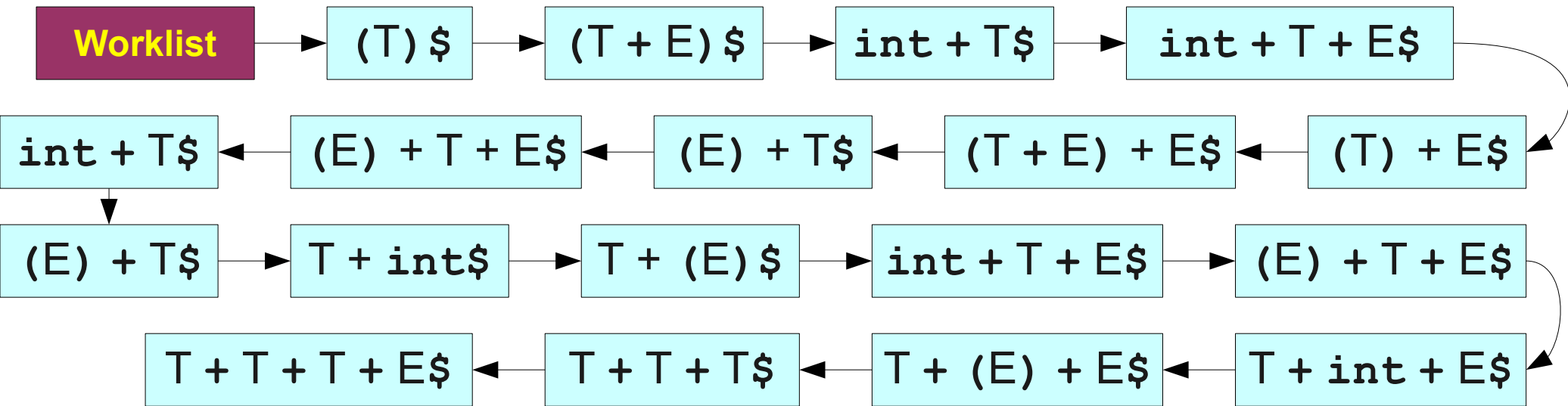
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int\$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

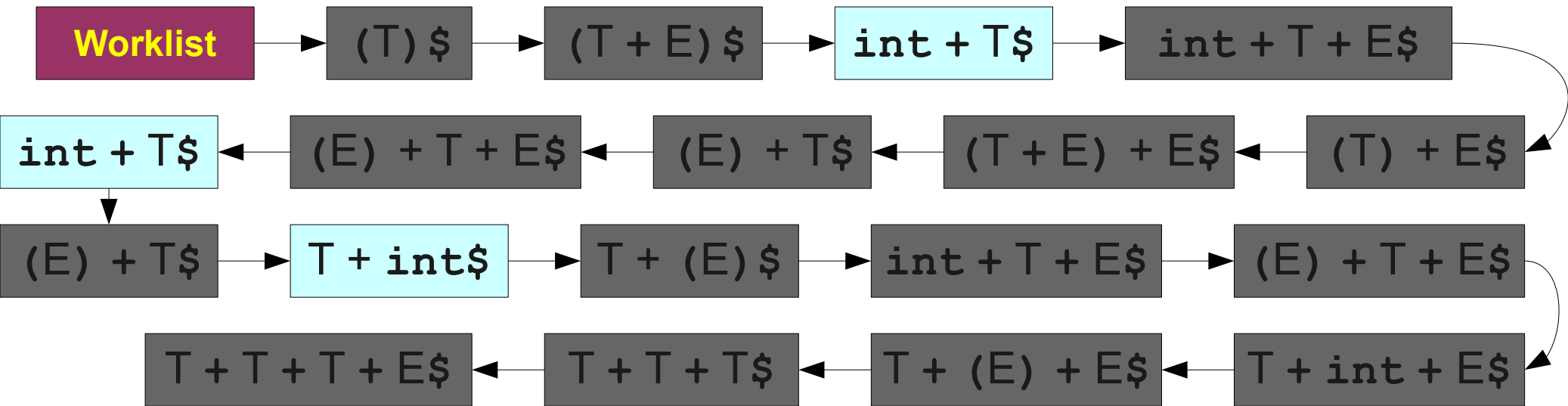
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int \$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int \$

BFS is Slow

- **Enormous** time and memory usage:
 - Lots of **wasted effort**:
 - Generates a lot of sentential forms that couldn't possibly match.
 - But in general, extremely hard to tell whether a sentential form can match – that's the job of parsing!
 - High **branching factor**:
 - Each sentential form can expand in (potentially) many ways for each nonterminal it contains.

Reducing Wasted Effort

- Suppose we're trying to match a string of terminals w .
- Suppose we have a sentential form $v = xy$, where x is a string of terminals and y is a string of terminals and nonterminals.
- If x isn't a prefix of w , then no string derived from v can **ever** match w .
- If we can find a way to try to get a prefix of terminals at the front of our sentential forms, then we can start pruning out impossible options.

Reducing the Branching Factor

- If a string has many nonterminals in it, the branching factor can be high.
 - Sum of the number of productions of each nonterminal involved.
- If we can restrict which productions we apply, we can keep the branching factor lower.

Leftmost Derivations

- Recall: A **leftmost derivation** is one where we always expand the leftmost symbol first.
- Updated algorithm:
 - Do a breadth-first search, **only considering leftmost derivations**.
 - Dramatically drops branching factor.
 - Increases likelihood that we get a prefix of nonterminals.
 - Prune sentential forms that can't possibly match.
 - Avoids wasted effort.

Leftmost BFS

Worklist

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS

Worklist

S

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

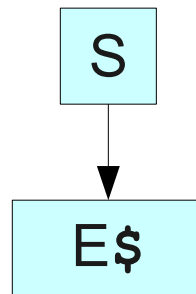
$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS

Worklist



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

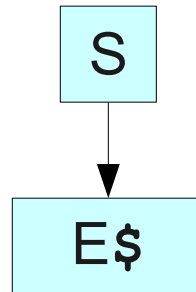
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS

Worklist

E\$

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

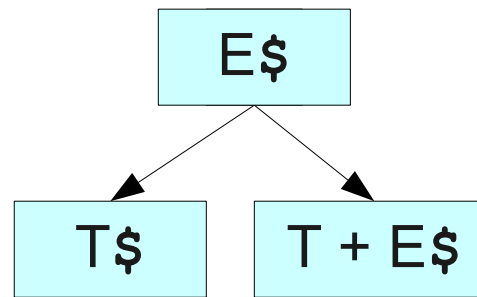
$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS

Worklist



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

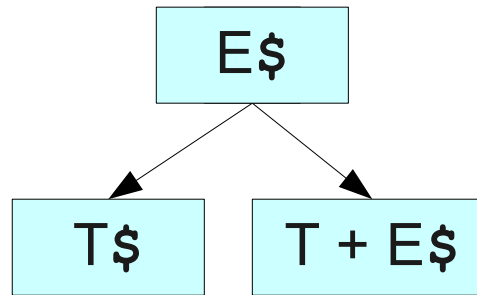
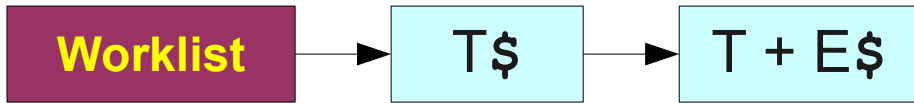
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$
 $E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

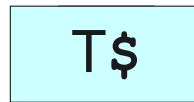
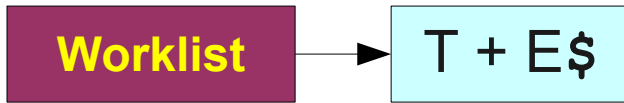
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

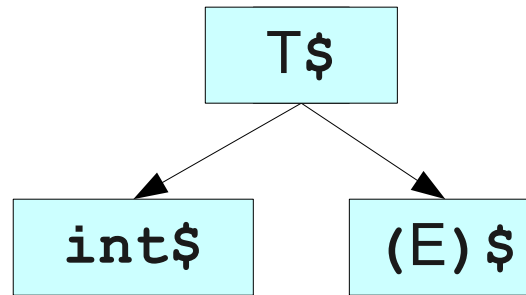
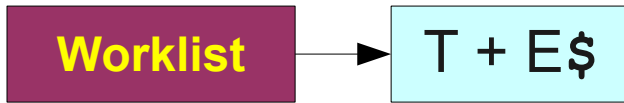
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

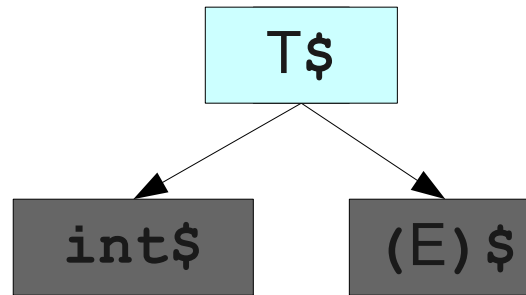
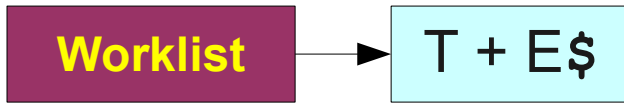
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

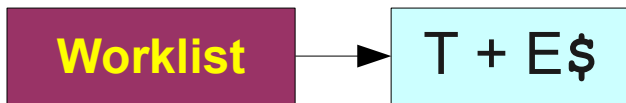
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS

Worklist

T + E\$

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

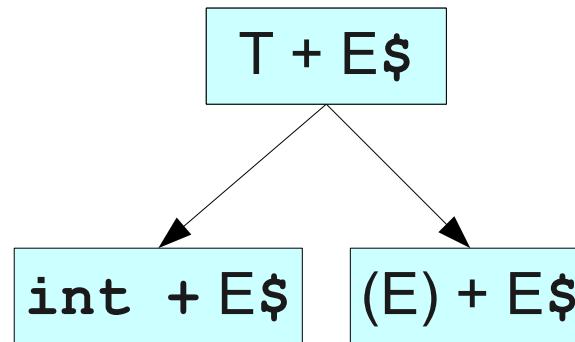
$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS

Worklist



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

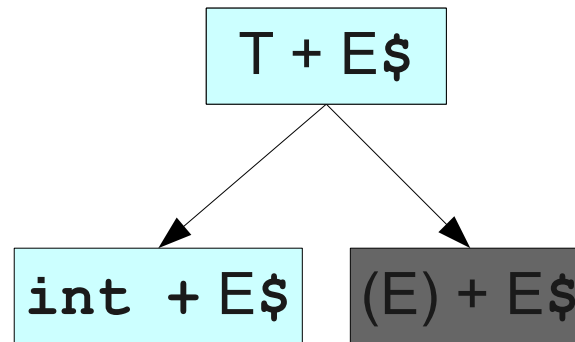
$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS

Worklist



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

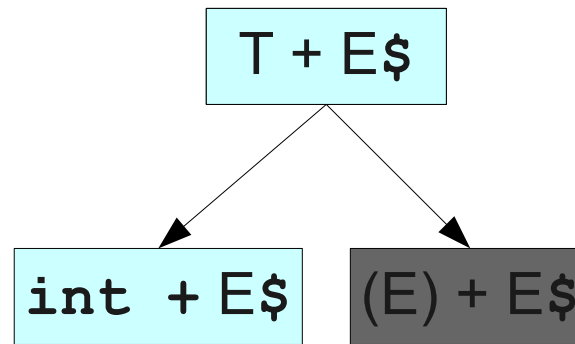
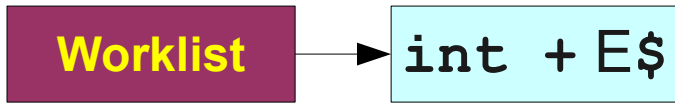
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

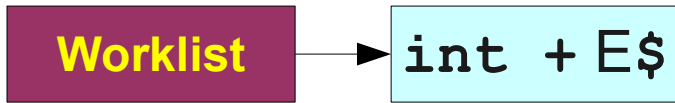
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS

Worklist

int + E\$

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

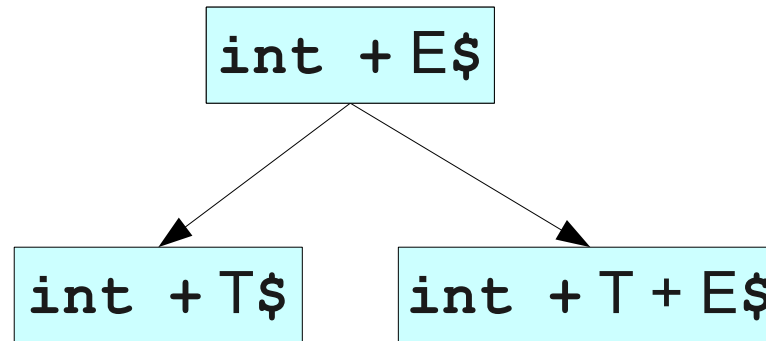
$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int\$

Leftmost BFS

Worklist



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

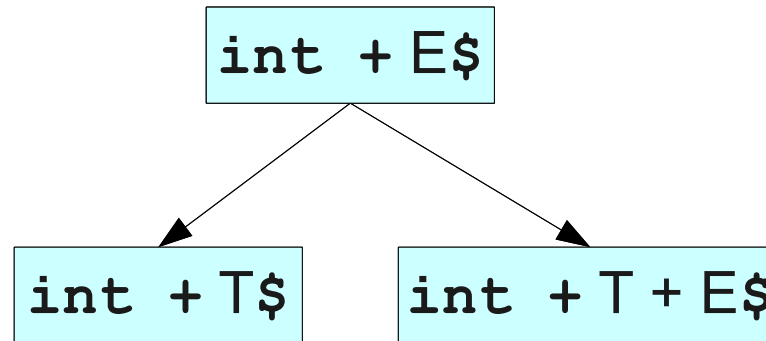
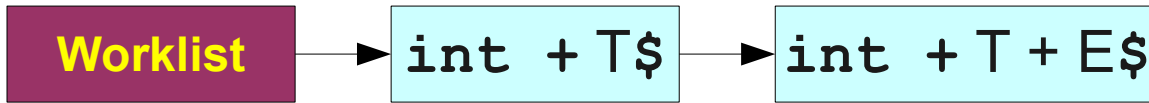
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

$\text{int} + \text{int}\$$

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

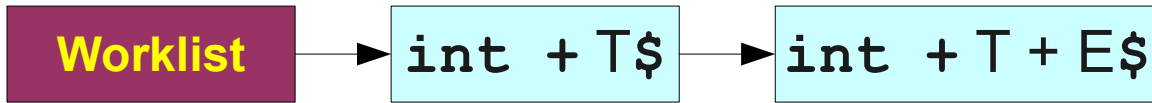
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int\$

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS

Worklist



`int + T + E$`

`int + T$`

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

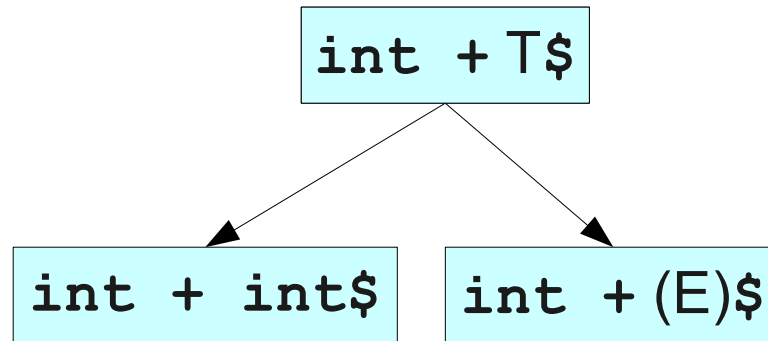
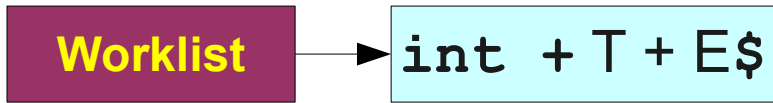
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

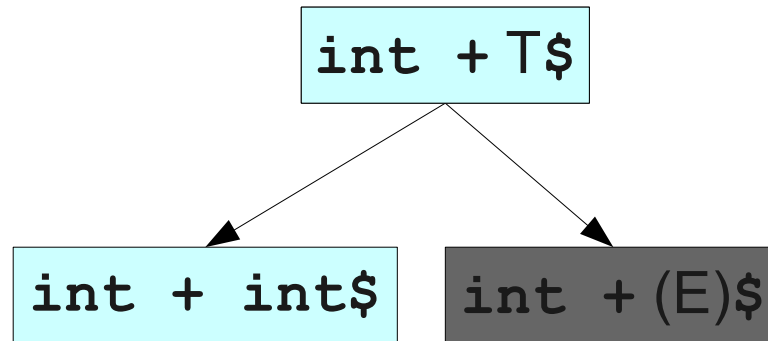
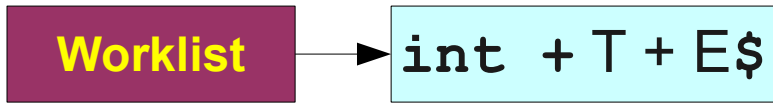
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

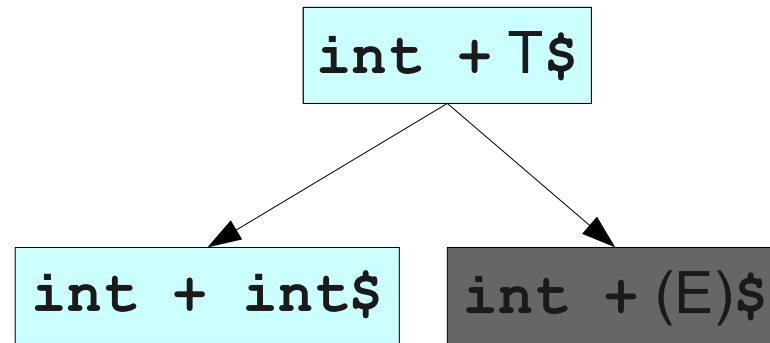
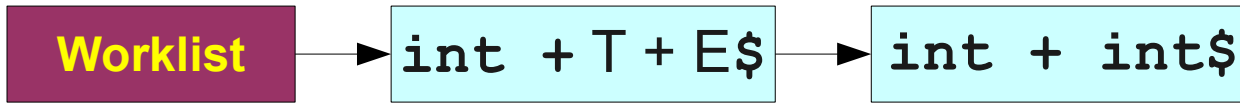
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int\$

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

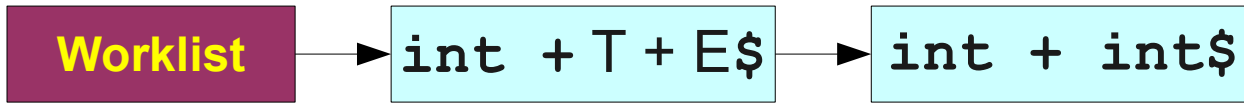
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int\$

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS

Worklist

`int + int$`

`int + T + E$`

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

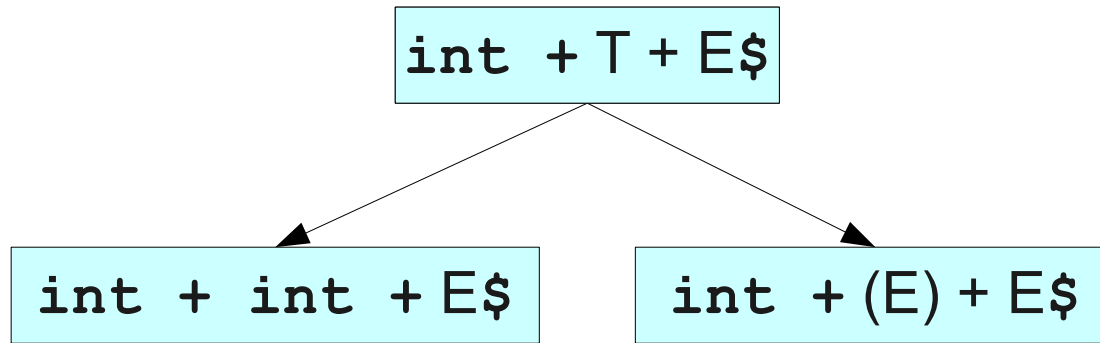
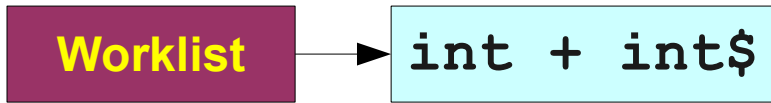
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

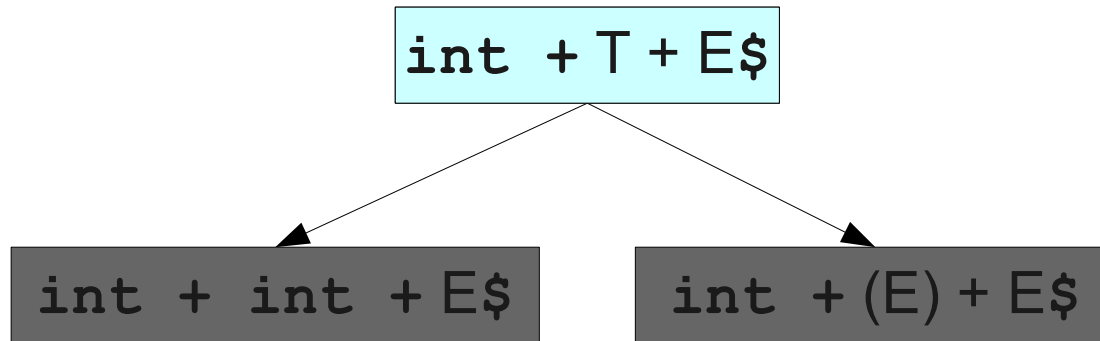
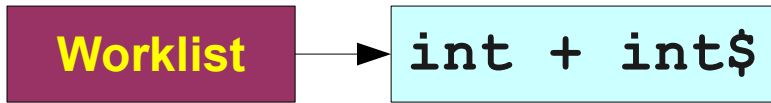
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

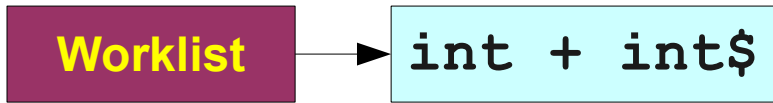
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS



$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost BFS

Worklist

int + int\$

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

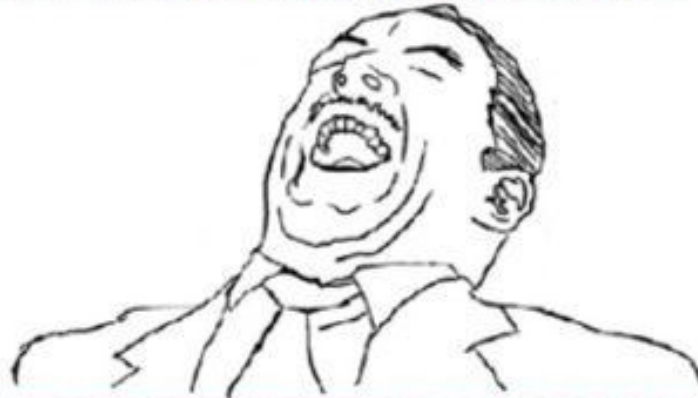
$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int\$

Leftmost BFS

Worklist

AAAAAAAAAAWWWWW



YYYYYEEEEEEEEAAAAAAA

int + int\$

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int\$

Leftmost BFS

- Substantial improvement over naïve algorithm.
- Will always find a valid parse of a program if one exists.
- Can easily be modified to find if a program can't be parsed.
- But, there are still problems.

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

Worklist

$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

Worklist

$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

Worklist

S

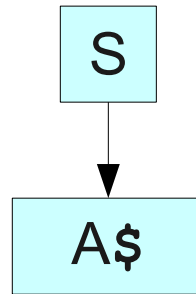
$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

Worklist

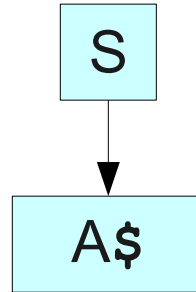


$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$S \rightarrow A\$$
 $A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

Worklist

A\$

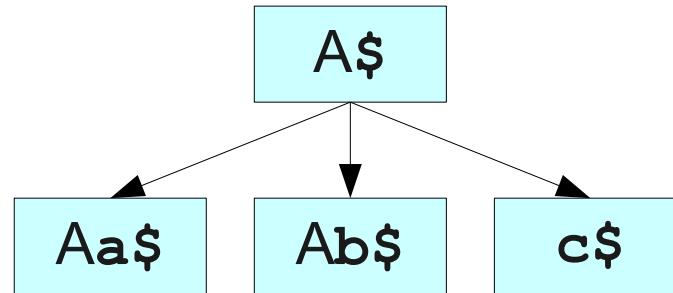
$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

Worklist



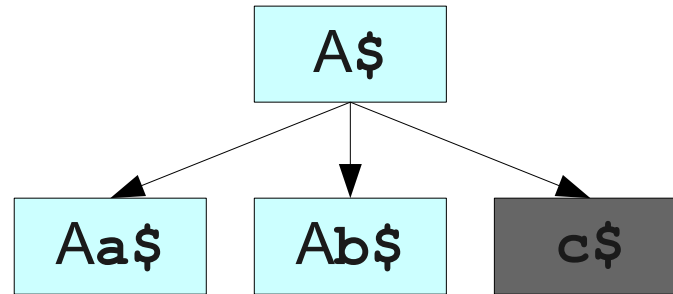
$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

Worklist

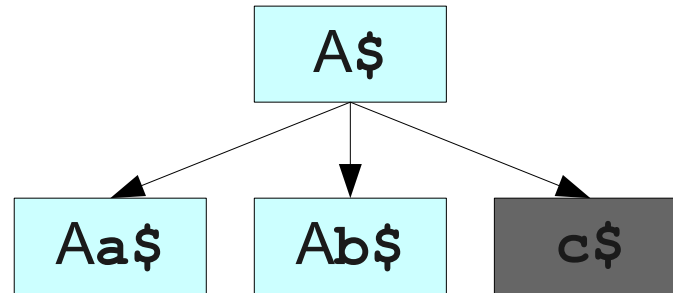
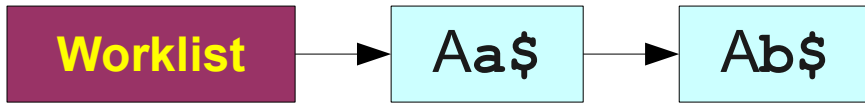


$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

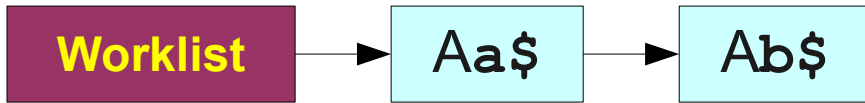


$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

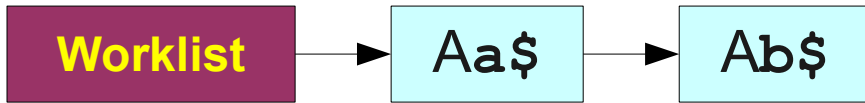


$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

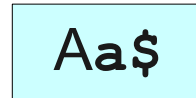


$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

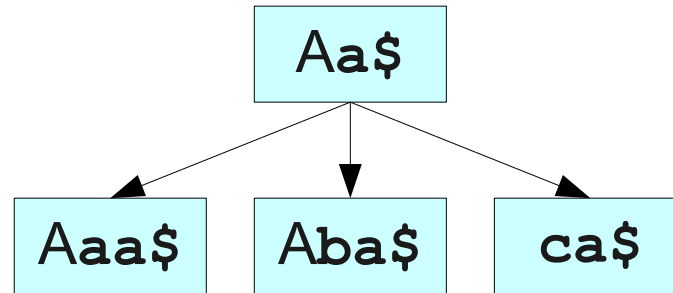


$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

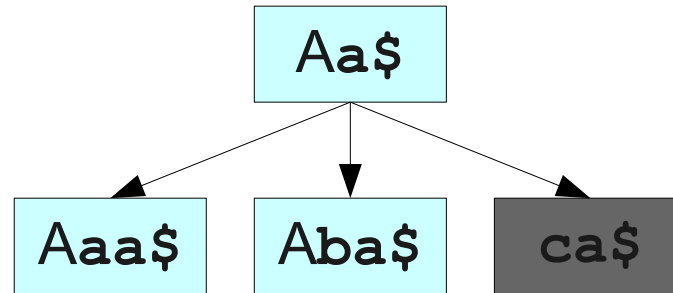


$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

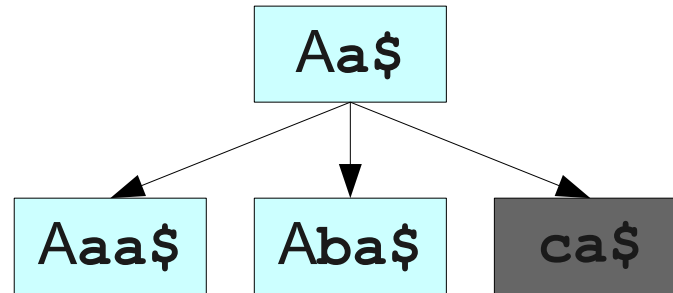
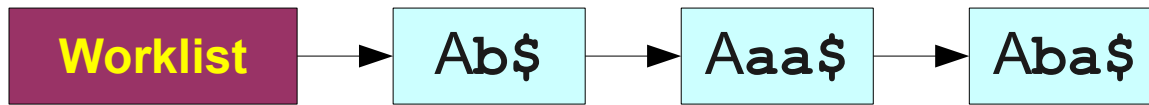


$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

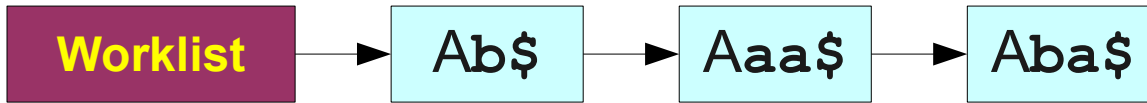


$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

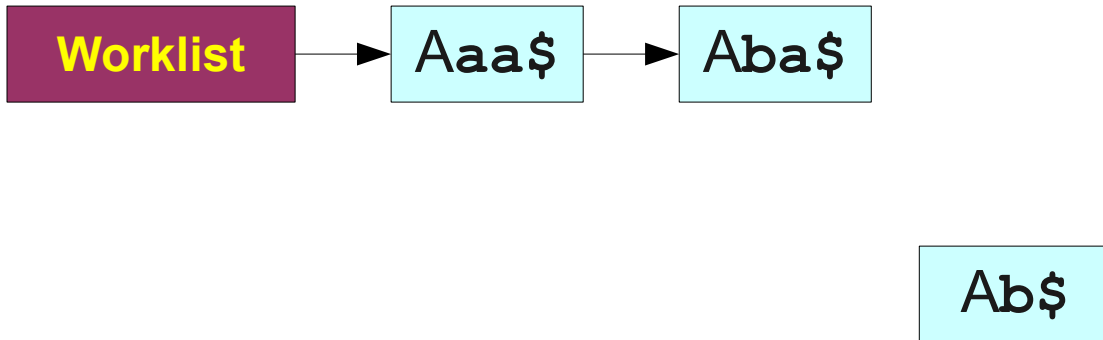


$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

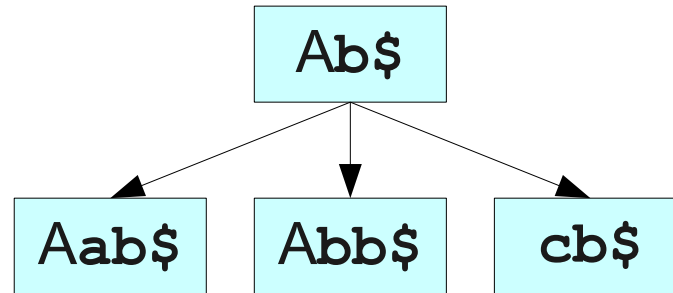
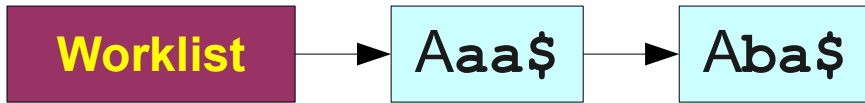


$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

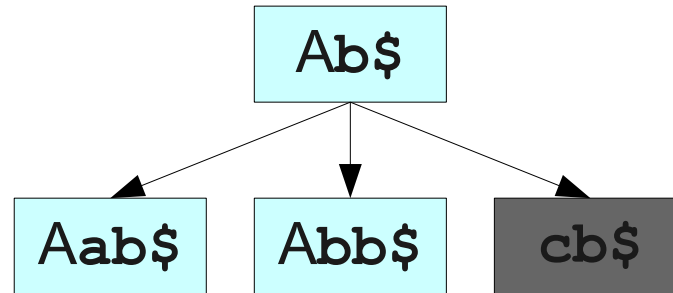
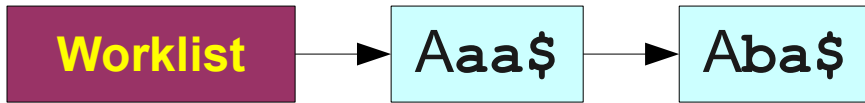


$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

caaaaaaaaaa\$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

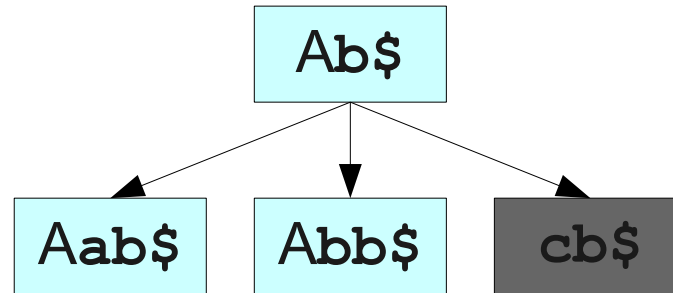
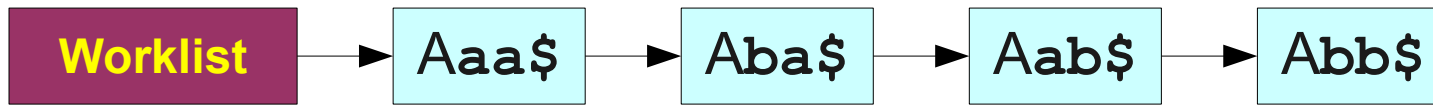


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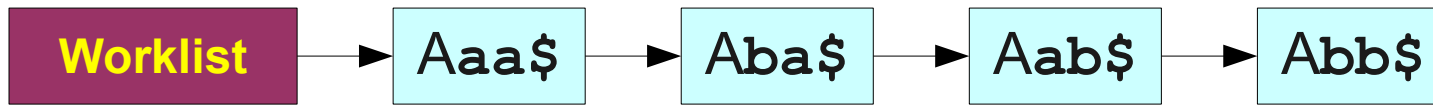


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Problems with Leftmost BFS

- Grammars like this can make parsing take **exponential time**.
- Also uses **exponential memory**.
- What if we search the graph with a different algorithm?

Leftmost DFS

- Idea: Use **depth-first** search.
- Advantages:
 - Lower memory usage: Only considers one branch at a time.
 - High performance: On many grammars, runs very quickly.
 - Easy to implement: Can be written as a set of mutually recursive functions.

Leftmost DFS

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \mathbf{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

Leftmost DFS

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int$`

Leftmost DFS

S

$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow T$

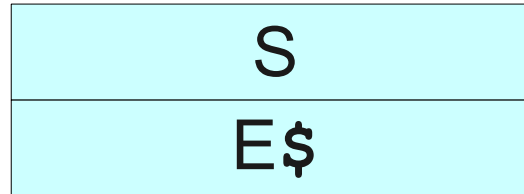
$E \rightarrow T + E$

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Leftmost DFS



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T\$

`int + int$`

Leftmost DFS

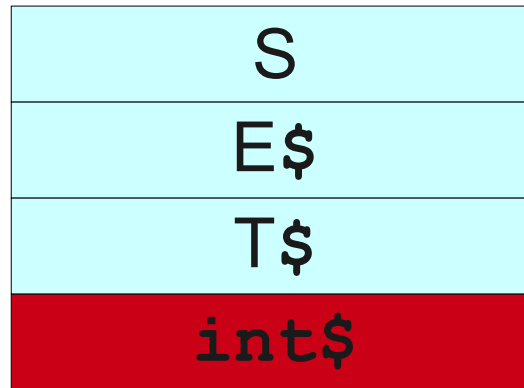
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S
E\$
T\$
int\$

int + int\$

Leftmost DFS

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int + int\$

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S
E\$
T\$

`int + int$`

Leftmost DFS

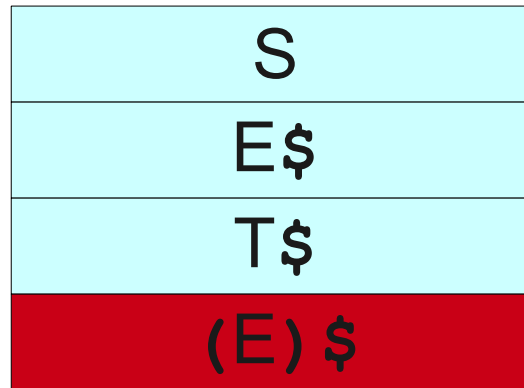
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S
E\$
T\$
(E) \$

$\mathbf{int + int\$}$

Leftmost DFS

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$\mathbf{int + int\$}$

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S
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`int + int$`

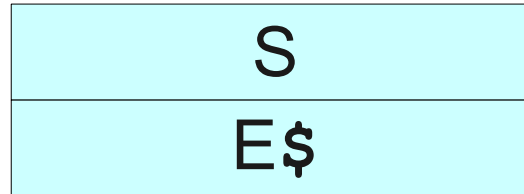
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Leftmost DFS



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E\$
T + E\$
int + E\$
int + T\$

int + int\$

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S
E\$
T + E\$
int + E\$
int + T\$
int + int\$

int + int\$

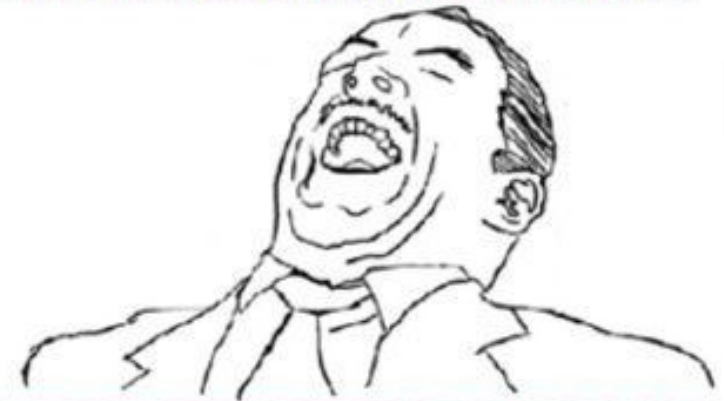
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S
E\$
T + E\$
int + E\$
int + T\$
int + int\$

int + int\$

AAAAAAAAAAAAWWWWW



YYYYYYYYEEEEEEEEAAAAAAAAA

Problems with Leftmost DFS

Problems with Leftmost DFS

$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid c$

Problems with Leftmost DFS

$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid c$

$c\$$

Problems with Leftmost DFS

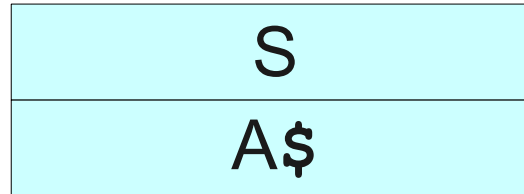
S

$S \rightarrow A\$$

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c\$

Problems with Leftmost DFS



$S \rightarrow A\$$

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid c$

$c\$$

Problems with Leftmost DFS

$S \rightarrow A\$$
 $A \rightarrow Aa \mid c$

S
A\$
Aa\$

c\$

Problems with Leftmost DFS

$S \rightarrow A\$$
 $A \rightarrow Aa \mid c$

S
A\$
Aa\$
Aaa\$

c\$

Problems with Leftmost DFS

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 $A \rightarrow Aa \mid c$

S
A\$
Aa\$
Aaa\$
Aaaa\$

c\$

Problems with Leftmost DFS

$S \rightarrow A\$$
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S
A\$
Aa\$
Aaa\$
Aaaa\$
Aaaaa\$

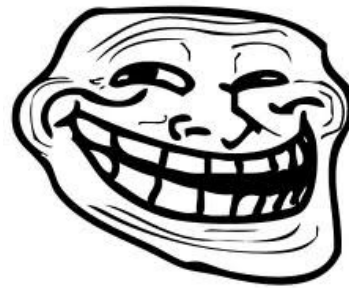
c\$

Problems with Leftmost DFS

$S \rightarrow A\$$
 $A \rightarrow Aa \mid c$

S
A\$
Aa\$
Aaa\$
Aaaa\$
Aaaaa\$

Problem?



c\$

Left Recursion

- A nonterminal A is said to be **left-recursive** if

$$A \rightarrow^* Aw$$

For some string of terminals and nonterminals w .

- Leftmost DFS may fail on left-recursive grammars.
- Fortunately, in many cases it is possible to eliminate left recursion (more on this later).

Summary of Leftmost BFS/DFS

- Leftmost BFS works on all grammars.
- Worst-case runtime is exponential.
- Worst-case memory usage is exponential.
- Rarely used in practice.
- Leftmost DFS works on grammars without left recursion.
- Worst-case runtime is exponential.
- Worst-case memory usage is linear.
- Often used in a limited form as **recursive descent**.

Predictive Parsing

Predictive Parsing

- The leftmost DFS/BFS algorithms are **backtracking** algorithms.
 - Guess which production to use, then back up if it doesn't work.
 - Try to match a prefix by sheer dumb luck.
- There is another class of parsing algorithms called **predictive** algorithms.
 - Based on remaining input, predict (**without backtracking**) which production to use.

Tradeoffs in Prediction

- Predictive parsers are **fast**.
 - Many predictive algorithms can be made to run in linear time.
 - Often can be table-driven for extra performance.
- Predictive parsers are **weak**.
 - Not all grammars can be accepted by predictive parsers.
- Trade **expressiveness** for **speed**.

Exploiting Lookahead

- Given just the start symbol, how do you know which productions to use to get to the input program?
- Idea: **Lookahead tokens.**
- Use knowledge of what terminals need to be matched to pick which production to use.

Our First Predictive Parser: LL(1)

- Top-down, predictive parsing:
 - **L**: Left-to-right scan of the tokens
 - **L**: Leftmost derivation.
 - **(1)**: One token of lookahead
- Construct a leftmost derivation for the sequence of tokens.
- When expanding a nonterminal, we predict the production to use by looking at the next token of the input. **The decision is forced.**

LL(1) Parse Tables

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$S \rightarrow E\$$

$E \rightarrow \text{int}$

$E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

$\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

$\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

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	int	()	+	*	\$
S	E\$	E\$				
E	int	(E Op E)				
Op				+	*	

Predictive Top-Down Parsing

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
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5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

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S (int + (int * int))\$

	int	()	+	*	\$
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4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

S	(int + (int * int))\$
E\$	(int + (int * int))\$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int))\$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int))\$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int))\$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int))\$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int))\$
E) \$	(int * int))\$
(E Op E)) \$	(int * int))\$
E Op E)) \$	int * int))\$
int Op E)) \$	int * int))\$
Op E)) \$	* int))\$
* E)) \$	* int))\$
E)) \$	int))\$

Predictive Top-Down Parsing

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

S	(int + (int * int))\$
E\$	(int + (int * int))\$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int))\$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int))\$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int))\$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int))\$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int))\$
E) \$	(int * int))\$
(E Op E)) \$	(int * int))\$
E Op E)) \$	int * int))\$
int Op E)) \$	int * int))\$
Op E)) \$	* int))\$
* E)) \$	* int))\$
E)) \$	int))\$

Predictive Top-Down Parsing

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

S	(int + (int * int))\$
E\$	(int + (int * int))\$
(E Op E)\$	(int + (int * int))\$
E Op E)\$	int + (int * int))\$
int Op E)\$	int + (int * int))\$
Op E)\$	+ (int * int))\$
+ E)\$	+ (int * int))\$
E)\$	(int * int))\$
(E Op E))\$	(int * int))\$
E Op E))\$	int * int))\$
int Op E))\$	int * int))\$
Op E))\$	* int))\$
* E))\$	* int))\$
E))\$	int))\$
int))\$	int))\$

Predictive Top-Down Parsing

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

S	(int + (int * int))\$
E\$	(int + (int * int))\$
(E Op E)\$	(int + (int * int))\$
E Op E)\$	int + (int * int))\$
int Op E)\$	int + (int * int))\$
Op E)\$	+ (int * int))\$
+ E)\$	+ (int * int))\$
E)\$	(int * int))\$
(E Op E))\$	(int * int))\$
E Op E))\$	int * int))\$
int Op E))\$	int * int))\$
Op E))\$	* int))\$
* E))\$	* int))\$
E))\$	int))\$
int))\$	int))\$
)\$)\$

Predictive Top-Down Parsing

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

S	(int + (int * int))\$
E\$	(int + (int * int))\$
(E Op E)\$	(int + (int * int))\$
E Op E)\$	int + (int * int))\$
int Op E)\$	int + (int * int))\$
Op E)\$	+ (int * int))\$
+ E)\$	+ (int * int))\$
E)\$	(int * int))\$
(E Op E))\$	(int * int))\$
E Op E))\$	int * int))\$
int Op E))\$	int * int))\$
Op E))\$	* int))\$
* E))\$	* int))\$
E))\$	int))\$
int))\$	int))\$
)\$)\$
)\$)\$

Predictive Top-Down Parsing

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

S	(int + (int * int))\$
E\$	(int + (int * int))\$
(E Op E)\$	(int + (int * int))\$
E Op E)\$	int + (int * int))\$
int Op E)\$	int + (int * int))\$
Op E)\$	+ (int * int))\$
+ E)\$	+ (int * int))\$
E)\$	(int * int))\$
(E Op E))\$	(int * int))\$
E Op E))\$	int * int))\$
int Op E))\$	int * int))\$
Op E))\$	* int))\$
* E))\$	* int))\$
E))\$	int))\$
int))\$	int))\$
)\$)\$
)\$)\$
\$	\$

Predictive Top-Down Parsing

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow$

S	(int + (int * int))\$
E\$	(int + (int * int))\$
(E Op E)\$	(int + (int * int))\$
E Op E)\$	int + (int * int))\$
int Op E)\$	int + (int * int))\$
Op E)\$	+ (int * int))\$
\$	+ (int * int))\$
)\$	(int * int))\$
)\$	(int * int))\$
)\$	int * int))\$
)\$	int * int))\$
)\$	* int))\$
\$	* int))\$
\$	int))\$
int))\$	int))\$
)\$)\$
)\$)\$
\$	\$

	int	()
S	1	1	
E	2	3	
Op			



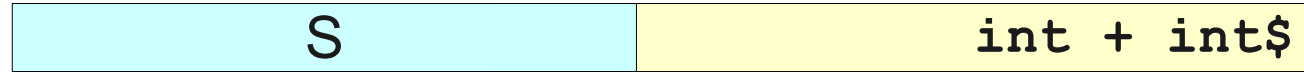
Error Detection

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

Error Detection

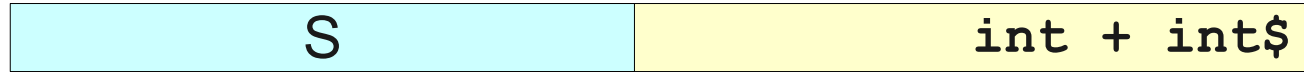
1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$



	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

Error Detection

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$



	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

Error Detection

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

S	int + int\$
E\$	int + int\$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

Error Detection

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

S	int + int\$
E\$	int + int\$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

Error Detection

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

S	int + int\$
E\$	int + int\$
int \$	int + int\$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

Error Detection

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

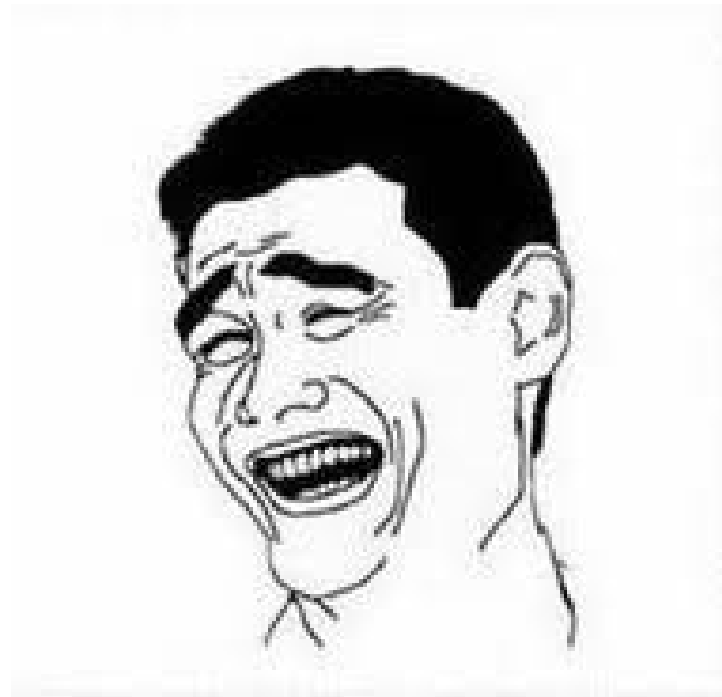
S	int + int\$
E\$	int + int\$
int \$	int + int\$
\$	+ int\$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

Error Detection

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

S	int + int\$
E\$	int + int\$
int \$	int + int\$
\$	+ int\$



	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

Error Detection II

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \mathbf{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

Error Detection II

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

S (int (int))\$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

Error Detection II

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

S (int (int))\$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

Error Detection II

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

S	(int (int))\$
E\$	(int (int))\$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

Error Detection II

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

S	(int (int))\$
E\$	(int (int))\$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

Error Detection II

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

S	(int (int))\$
E\$	(int (int))\$
(E Op E) \$	(int (int))\$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

Error Detection II

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

S	(int (int))\$
E\$	(int (int))\$
(E Op E) \$	(int (int))\$
E Op E) \$	int (int))\$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

Error Detection II

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

S	(int (int))\$
E\$	(int (int))\$
(E Op E) \$	(int (int))\$
E Op E) \$	int (int))\$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

Error Detection II

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

S	(int (int))\$
E\$	(int (int))\$
(E Op E)\$	(int (int))\$
E Op E)\$	int (int))\$
int Op E)\$	int (int))\$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

Error Detection II

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

S	(int (int))\$
E\$	(int (int))\$
(E Op E)\$	(int (int))\$
E Op E)\$	int (int))\$
int Op E)\$	int (int))\$
Op E)\$	(int))\$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

Error Detection II

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

S	(int (int))\$
E\$	(int (int))\$
(E Op E) \$	(int (int))\$
E Op E) \$	int (int))\$
int Op E) \$	int (int))\$
Op E) \$	(int))\$

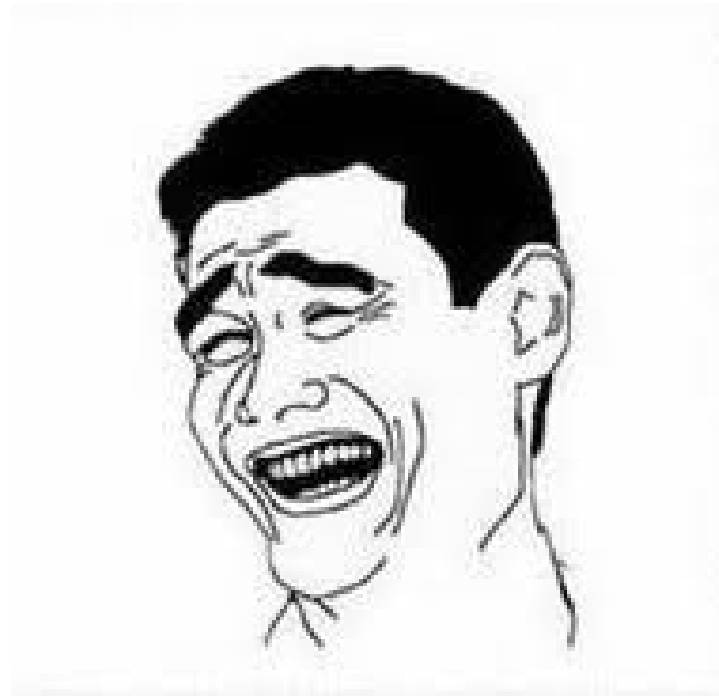
	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	

Error Detection II

1. $S \rightarrow E\$$
2. $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
3. $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
4. $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
5. $\text{Op} \rightarrow -$

S	(int (int))\$
E\$	(int (int))\$
(E Op E)\$	(int (int))\$
E Op E)\$	int (int))\$
int Op E)\$	int (int))\$
Op E)\$	(int))\$

	int	()	+	*	\$
S	1	1				
E	2	3				
Op				4	5	



The LL(1) Algorithm

- Given an LL(1) parsing table T and input w :
- Initialize a stack containing S .
- Repeat until the stack is just $\$$:
 - Let the next character of w be c .
 - If the top of the stack is a terminal t :
 - If c and t don't match, report an error.
 - Otherwise consume the character c and pop t from the stack.
 - Otherwise, the top of the stack is a nonterminal A :
 - If $T[A, c]$ is undefined, report an error.
 - Replace the top of the stack with $T[A, c]$.

A Simple LL(1) Grammar

STMT \rightarrow **if** EXPR **then** STMT
| **while** EXPR **do** STMT
| EXPR ;

EXPR \rightarrow TERM \rightarrow **id**
| **zero?** TERM
| **not** EXPR
| **++ id**
| **-- id**

TERM \rightarrow **id**
| **constant**

A Simple LL(1) Grammar

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
| while EXPR do STMT
| EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM → id
| zero? TERM
| not EXPR
| ++ id
| -- id

TERM → id
| constant

id → id;

while not zero? id do --id;

if not zero? id then
if not zero? id then
constant → id;

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
| while EXPR do STMT (2)
| EXPR ; (3)

EXPR → TERM → id (4)
| zero? TERM (5)
| not EXPR (6)
| ++ id (7)
| -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
| constant (10)

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT \rightarrow **if** EXPR **then** STMT (1)
 | **while** EXPR **do** STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR \rightarrow TERM \rightarrow **id** (4)
 | **zero?** TERM (5)
 | **not** EXPR (6)
 | **++ id** (7)
 | **-- id** (8)

TERM \rightarrow **id** (9)
 | **constant** (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	\rightarrow	id	const	;
STMT												
EXPR												
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT \rightarrow **if** EXPR **then** STMT (1)
 | **while** EXPR **do** STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR \rightarrow TERM \rightarrow **id** (4)
 | **zero?** TERM (5)
 | **not** EXPR (6)
 | **++ id** (7)
 | **-- id** (8)

TERM \rightarrow **id** (9)
 | **constant** (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	\rightarrow	id	const	;
STMT												
EXPR												
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT \rightarrow **if** EXPR **then** STMT (1)
 | **while** EXPR **do** STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR \rightarrow TERM \rightarrow **id** (4)
 | **zero?** TERM (5)
 | **not** EXPR (6)
 | **++ id** (7)
 | **-- id** (8)

TERM \rightarrow **id** (9)
 | **constant** (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	\rightarrow	id	const	;
STMT												
EXPR												
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT \rightarrow **if** EXPR **then** STMT (1)
 | **while** EXPR **do** STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR \rightarrow TERM \rightarrow **id** (4)
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 | **++ id** (7)
 | **-- id** (8)

TERM \rightarrow **id** (9)
 | **constant** (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	\rightarrow	id	const	;
STMT												
EXPR					5	6	7	8				
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT \rightarrow **if** EXPR **then** STMT (1)
 | **while** EXPR **do** STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR \rightarrow **TERM** \rightarrow **id** (4)
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TERM \rightarrow **id** (9)
 | **constant** (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	\rightarrow	id	const	;
STMT												
EXPR					5	6	7	8				
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT \rightarrow **if** EXPR **then** STMT (1)
 | **while** EXPR **do** STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR \rightarrow **TERM** \rightarrow **id** (4)
 | **zero?** TERM (5)
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 | **++ id** (7)
 | **-- id** (8)

TERM \rightarrow **id** (9)
 | **constant** (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	\rightarrow	id	const	;
STMT												
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT \rightarrow **if** EXPR **then** STMT (1)
 | **while** EXPR **do** STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR \rightarrow TERM \rightarrow **id** (4)
 | **zero?** TERM (5)
 | **not** EXPR (6)
 | **++ id** (7)
 | **-- id** (8)

TERM \rightarrow **id** (9)
 | **constant** (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	\rightarrow	id	const	;
STMT												
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR → TERM → id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT												
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR → TERM → id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT	1		2									
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | **EXPR** ; (3)

EXPR → TERM → id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT	1		2									
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | **EXPR** ; (3)

EXPR → TERM → id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT	1		2		3	3	3	3				
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | **EXPR** ; (3)

EXPR → **TERM** → id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT	1		2		3	3	3	3				
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | **EXPR** ; (3)

EXPR → **TERM** → id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT	1		2		3	3	3	3		3	3	
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT \rightarrow **if** EXPR **then** STMT (1)
 | **while** EXPR **do** STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR \rightarrow TERM \rightarrow **id** (4)
 | **zero?** TERM (5)
 | **not** EXPR (6)
 | **++ id** (7)
 | **-- id** (8)

TERM \rightarrow **id** (9)
 | **constant** (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	\rightarrow	id	const	;
STMT	1		2		3	3	3	3		3	3	
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

Filling in Table Entries

- Intuition: The next character should uniquely identify a production, so we should pick a production that ultimately starts with that character.

- $T[A, c]$ should be a production

$$A \rightarrow A_1 A_2 \dots A_n$$

if A_1 ultimately derives something starting with c .

- More rigorously:

$$T[A, c] = A_1 A_2 \dots A_n \text{ if } A \rightarrow A_1 A_2 \dots A_n \text{ and } A_1 \rightarrow^* c.$$

FIRST Sets

- In what follows, **assume there are no ϵ -productions** in the grammar (we'll relax that condition later.)
- We can determine what tokens a nonterminal A can derive by using FIRST sets.
- Definition: $\text{FIRST}(A) = \{ t \mid A \rightarrow^* tv \}$
 - The set of tokens that appear first in some production of A .
- Set $T[A, c] = A_1 A_2 \dots A_n$ if c in $\text{FIRST}(A_1)$

Computing FIRST Sets

- Initially, for all nonterminals A , set
$$\text{FIRST}(A) = \{ t \mid A \rightarrow tw \}$$
- Then, for each $A \rightarrow Bw$, iteratively compute
$$\text{FIRST}(A) = \text{FIRST}(A) \cup \text{FIRST}(B)$$
- When no changes occur, the resulting sets are the FIRST sets.
- This is known a **fixed-point iteration** or a **transitive closure algorithm**.

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
| while EXPR do STMT
| EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM → id
| zero? TERM
| not EXPR
| ++ id
| -- id

TERM → id
| constant

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
| while EXPR do STMT
| EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM → id
| zero? TERM
| not EXPR
| ++ id
| -- id

TERM → id
| constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → **if** EXPR **then** STMT
| **while** EXPR **do** STMT
| EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM → **id**
| **zero?** TERM
| **not** EXPR
| **++ id**
| **-- id**

TERM → **id**
| **constant**

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if while	zero? not ++ --	id constant

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
| while EXPR do STMT
| **EXPR** ;

EXPR → TERM → id
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STMT	EXPR	TERM
if while	zero? not ++ --	id constant

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
| while EXPR do STMT
| **EXPR** ;

EXPR → TERM → id
| zero? TERM
| not EXPR
| ++ id
| -- id

TERM → id
| constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	id
while	not	constant
zero?	++	
not	--	
++		
--		

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → **if** EXPR **then** STMT
| **while** EXPR **do** STMT
| EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM → **id**
| **zero?** TERM
| **not** EXPR
| **++ id**
| **-- id**

TERM → **id**
| **constant**

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	id
while	not	constant
zero?	++	
not	--	
++		
--		

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
| while EXPR do STMT
| EXPR ;

EXPR → **TERM** → id
| zero? TERM
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| ++ id
| -- id

TERM → id
| constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	id
while	not	constant
zero?	++	
not	--	
++		
--		

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
 | while EXPR do STMT
 | EXPR ;

EXPR → **TERM** → id
 | zero? TERM
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 | ++ id
 | -- id

TERM → id
 | constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	id
while	not	constant
zero?	++	
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
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| zero? TERM
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| -- id

TERM → id
| constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	id
while	not	constant
zero?	++	
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
 | while EXPR do STMT
 | **EXPR** ;

EXPR → TERM → id
 | zero? TERM
 | not EXPR
 | ++ id
 | -- id

TERM → id
 | constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	id
while	not	constant
zero?	++	
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
 | while EXPR do STMT
 | **EXPR** ;

EXPR → TERM → id
 | zero? TERM
 | not EXPR
 | ++ id
 | -- id

TERM → id
 | constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	id
while	not	constant
zero?	++	
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → **if** EXPR **then** STMT
 | **while** EXPR **do** STMT
 | EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM → **id**
 | **zero?** TERM
 | **not** EXPR
 | **++ id**
 | **-- id**

TERM → **id**
 | **constant**

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	id
while	not	constant
zero?	++	
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR → TERM → id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	id
while	not	constant
zero?	++	
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

STMT \rightarrow **if** EXPR **then** STMT (1)
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EXPR \rightarrow TERM \rightarrow **id** (4)
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 | **++ id** (7)
 | **-- id** (8)

TERM \rightarrow **id** (9)
 | **constant** (10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	id
while	not	constant
zero?	++	
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	\rightarrow	id	const	;
STMT	1		2		3	3	3	3		3	3	
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

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 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

 TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	id
while	not	constant
zero?	++	
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT	1		2		3	3	3	3		3	3	
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

Expanding our Grammar

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
| while EXPR do STMT
| EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM → id
| zero? TERM
| not EXPR
| ++ id
| -- id

TERM → id
| constant

id → id;

while not zero? id do --id;

if not zero? id then
if not zero? id then
constant → id;

Expanding our Grammar

STMT \rightarrow if EXPR then STMT
| while EXPR do STMT
| EXPR ;

id \rightarrow id;

while not zero? id do --id;

EXPR \rightarrow TERM \rightarrow id
| zero? TERM
| not EXPR
| ++ id
| -- id

if not zero? id then
if not zero? id then
constant \rightarrow id;

TERM \rightarrow id
| constant

BLOCK \rightarrow STMT
| { STMTS }

STMTS \rightarrow STMT STMTS
| ϵ

Expanding our Grammar

STMT → if EXPR then **BLOCK** `id → id;`
 | while EXPR do **BLOCK** `while not zero? id do --id;`
 | EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM → `id`
 | `zero? TERM`
 | `not EXPR`
 | `++ id`
 | `-- id`
 | `if not zero? id then`
 | `if not zero? id then`
 | `constant → id;`

TERM → `id`
 | `constant`

BLOCK → STMT
 | { STMTS }

STMTS → STMT STMTS
 | ε

Expanding our Grammar

STMT → if EXPR then BLOCK
| while EXPR do BLOCK
| EXPR ;

id → id;

while not zero? id do --id;

EXPR → TERM → id
| zero? TERM
| not EXPR
| ++ id
| -- id

if not zero? id then
if not zero? id then
constant → id;

TERM → id
| constant

BLOCK → STMT
| { STMTS }

STMTS → STMT STMTS
| ε

Expanding our Grammar

STMT → if EXPR then BLOCK
| while EXPR do BLOCK
| EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM → id
| zero? TERM
| not EXPR
| ++ id
| -- id

TERM → id
| constant

BLOCK → STMT
| { STMTS }

STMTS → STMT STMTS
| ε

id → id;

while not zero? id do --id;

if not zero? id then
if not zero? id then
constant → id;

if zero? id then
while zero? id do {
constant → id;
constant → id;
}

LL(1) with ϵ -Productions

- Computation of FIRST is different.
 - What if the first nonterminal in a production can produce ϵ ?
- Building the table is different.
 - What action do you take if the correct production produces the empty string?

FIRST Sets with ϵ

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Number \rightarrow Sign Digits
Digits \rightarrow Digit | Digit Digits
Digit \rightarrow 0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9
Sign \rightarrow + | - | ϵ

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Number \rightarrow Sign Digits

Digits \rightarrow Digit | Digit Digits

Digit \rightarrow 0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9

Sign \rightarrow + | - | ϵ

Number	Digits	Digit	Sign

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Number \rightarrow Sign Digits

Digits \rightarrow Digit | Digit Digits

Digit \rightarrow 0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9

Sign \rightarrow + | - | ϵ

Number	Digits	Digit	Sign
		0	+
		1	-
		2	ϵ
		3	
		4	
		5	
		6	
		7	
		8	
		9	

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Number \rightarrow Sign Digits

Digits \rightarrow **Digit** | **Digit** Digits

Digit \rightarrow 0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9

Sign \rightarrow + | - | ϵ

Number	Digits	Digit	Sign
		0	+
		1	-
		2	ϵ
		3	
		4	
		5	
		6	
		7	
		8	
		9	

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Number \rightarrow Sign Digits

Digits \rightarrow **Digit** | **Digit** Digits

Digit \rightarrow 0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9

Sign \rightarrow + | - | ϵ

Number	Digits	Digit	Sign
	0	0	+
	1	1	-
	2	2	ϵ
	3	3	
	4	4	
	5	5	
	6	6	
	7	7	
	8	8	
	9	9	

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Number \rightarrow Sign Digits
Digits \rightarrow Digit | Digit Digits
Digit \rightarrow 0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9
Sign \rightarrow + | - | ϵ

Number	Digits	Digit	Sign
	0	0	+
	1	1	-
	2	2	ϵ
	3	3	
	4	4	
	5	5	
	6	6	
	7	7	
	8	8	
	9	9	

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Number \rightarrow **Sign** Digits

Digits \rightarrow Digit | Digit Digits

Digit \rightarrow 0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9

Sign \rightarrow + | - | ϵ

Number	Digits	Digit	Sign
	0	0	+
	1	1	-
	2	2	ϵ
	3	3	
	4	4	
	5	5	
	6	6	
	7	7	
	8	8	
	9	9	

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Number \rightarrow **Sign** Digits

Digits \rightarrow Digit | Digit Digits

Digit \rightarrow 0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9

Sign \rightarrow + | - | ϵ

Number	Digits	Digit	Sign
+	0	0	+
	1	1	
	2	2	
	3	3	
	4	4	
	5	5	
	6	6	
	7	7	
	8	8	
	9	9	
-			-
			ϵ

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Number \rightarrow Sign **Digits**

Digits \rightarrow Digit | Digit Digits

Digit \rightarrow 0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9

Sign \rightarrow + | - | ϵ

Number	Digits	Digit	Sign
+	0	0	+
	1	1	
	2	2	
	3	3	
	4	4	
	5	5	
	6	6	
	7	7	
	8	8	
	9	9	
-			-
			ϵ

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Number \rightarrow Sign **Digits**

Digits \rightarrow Digit | Digit Digits

Digit \rightarrow 0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9

Sign \rightarrow + | - | ϵ

Number	Digits	Digit	Sign
+	0	0	+
-	1	1	-
0	2	2	ϵ
1	3	3	
2	4	4	
3	5	5	
4	6	6	
5	7	7	
6	8	8	
7	9	9	
8			
9			

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Number \rightarrow Sign Digits
Digits \rightarrow Digit | Digit Digits
Digit \rightarrow 0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9
Sign \rightarrow + | - | ϵ

Number	Digits	Digit	Sign
+	0	0	+
-	1	1	-
0	2	2	ϵ
1	3	3	
2	4	4	
3	5	5	
4	6	6	
5	7	7	
6	8	8	
7	9	9	
8			
9			

Interestingly, this grammar isn't LL(1).

Updated FIRST Set Computation

- Idea: Want $\text{FIRST}(A)$ to contain all possible first terminals derivable from A .
- If $A \rightarrow A_1 A_2 \dots A_n$ and A_1 cannot produce ϵ , $\text{FIRST}(A)$ contains $\text{FIRST}(A_1)$
- If $A \rightarrow A_1 A_2 \dots A_n$ and A_1 **can** produce ϵ , $\text{FIRST}(A)$ contains $\text{FIRST}(A_1)$ and $\text{FIRST}(A_2)$
- If $A \rightarrow A_1 A_2 \dots A_n$ and *all* A_i can produce ϵ , $\text{FIRST}(A)$ contains all $\text{FIRST}(A_i)$ and ϵ .

LL(1) Tables with ϵ -Productions

LL(1) Tables with ϵ -Productions

$$S \rightarrow A\$ \quad (1)$$

$$A \rightarrow \epsilon \quad (2)$$

LL(1) Tables with ϵ -Productions

$S \rightarrow A\$$ (1)
 $A \rightarrow \epsilon$ (2)

S	A
\$	ϵ

LL(1) Tables with ϵ -Productions

$$S \rightarrow A\$ \quad (1)$$

$$A \rightarrow \epsilon \quad (2)$$

S	A
\$	ϵ

	\$
S	
A	

LL(1) Tables with ϵ -Productions

$$S \rightarrow \mathbf{A}\$ \quad (1)$$

$$A \rightarrow \epsilon \quad (2)$$

S	A
\$	ϵ

	\$
S	
A	

LL(1) Tables with ϵ -Productions

$$S \rightarrow A\$ \quad (1)$$

$$A \rightarrow \epsilon \quad (2)$$

S	A
\$	ϵ

	\$
S	
A	

LL(1) Tables with ϵ -Productions

$$S \rightarrow A\$ \quad (1)$$

$$A \rightarrow \epsilon \quad (2)$$

S	A
\$	ϵ

	\$
S	1
A	

LL(1) Tables with ϵ -Productions

$$S \rightarrow A\$ \quad (1)$$

$$A \rightarrow \epsilon \quad (2)$$

S	A
\$	ϵ

	\$
S	1
A	

LL(1) Tables with ϵ -Productions

$$S \rightarrow A\$ \quad (1)$$

$$A \rightarrow \epsilon \quad (2)$$

S	A
\$	ϵ

	\$
S	1
A	

LL(1) Tables with ϵ -Productions

$$S \rightarrow A\$ \quad (1)$$

$$A \rightarrow \epsilon \quad (2)$$

S	A
\$	ϵ

	\$
S	1
A	2

LL(1) Tables with ϵ -Productions

$$S \rightarrow A\$ \quad (1)$$

$$A \rightarrow \epsilon \quad (2)$$

S	A
\$	ϵ

	\$
S	1
A	2

LL(1) Tables with ϵ -Productions

$$S \rightarrow A\$ \quad (1)$$
$$A \rightarrow \epsilon \quad (2)$$

S	A
\$	ϵ

	\$
S	1
A	2

S	\$
---	----

LL(1) Tables with ϵ -Productions

$$S \rightarrow A\$ \quad (1)$$
$$A \rightarrow \epsilon \quad (2)$$

S	A
\$	ϵ

	\$
S	1
A	2

S	\$
---	----

LL(1) Tables with ϵ -Productions

$$S \rightarrow A\$ \quad (1)$$
$$A \rightarrow \epsilon \quad (2)$$

S	A
\$	ϵ

	\$
S	1
A	2

S	\$
A\$	\$

LL(1) Tables with ϵ -Productions

$$S \rightarrow A\$ \quad (1)$$
$$A \rightarrow \epsilon \quad (2)$$

S	A
\$	ϵ

	\$
S	1
A	2

S	\$
A\$	\$

LL(1) Tables with ϵ -Productions

$$S \rightarrow A\$ \quad (1)$$
$$A \rightarrow \epsilon \quad (2)$$

S	A
\$	ϵ

	\$
S	1
A	2

S	\$
A\$	\$
\$	\$

LL(1) Tables with ϵ -Productions

$$S \rightarrow A\$ \quad (1)$$

$$A \rightarrow \epsilon \quad (2)$$

S	A
\$	ϵ

	\$
S	1
A	2

S	\$
A\$	\$
\$	\$



FOLLOW Sets

- Intuition: Keep track of what terminals can eventually follow a nonterminal.

- Formally:

$$\text{FOLLOW}(A) = \{ t \mid B \rightarrow^* wAtv \}$$

- Used in construction of LL(1) parse tables to determine when to use ϵ productions.

Computation of FOLLOW Sets

- Another fixed-point iteration.
- Initialization: For all productions $B \rightarrow wAv$, set $\text{FOLLOW}(A) = \text{FIRST}(v) - \{\epsilon\}$
 - Note that v is a **string**, not a terminal or nonterminal; you must take ϵ into account.
- Iteration: For all productions $B \rightarrow wAv$ where v can derive the empty string (i.e. ϵ in $\text{FIRST}(v)$):
 - Set $\text{FOLLOW}(A) = \text{FOLLOW}(A) \cup \text{FOLLOW}(B)$
- Stop when no more changes occur.

The Final LL(1) Table Algorithm

- Compute $\text{FIRST}(A)$ and $\text{FOLLOW}(A)$ for all nonterminals A .
- For each rule $A \rightarrow w$, for each **terminal** t in $\text{FIRST}(w)$, set $T[A, t] = w$.
 - Note that ϵ is **not** a terminal!
- For each rule $A \rightarrow w$ with ϵ in $\text{FIRST}(w)$, for each t in $\text{FOLLOW}(A)$, set $T[A, t] = w$.

Next Time

- A More Elaborate Example
- The Limits of LL(1)
- Bottom-Up Parsing
 - Shift/reduce parsing
 - LR(0)
 - LR(1)